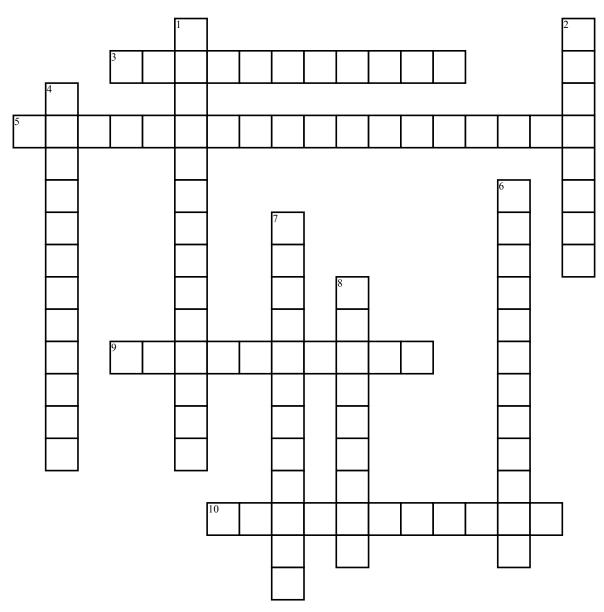
Name:	Date:	Period:

## Cold War



## Across

- **3.** 33rd President of the United States. Led the U.S. to victory in WWII making the ultimate decision to use atomic weapons for the first time
- **5.** (1962) crisis that arose between the United States and the Soviet Union over a Soviet attempt to deploy nuclear missiles in Cuba
- **9.** A fortified wall constructed around the Western zones of Berlin in 1961, to prevent the escape and defection of East Germans to the West. It remained a symbol of Cold War division until 1989
- **10.** A term invented by Winston Churchill to describe the political and physical barriers between the Soviet bloc and the 'free' countries of Europe

## Down

- **1.** 1947, President Truman's policy of providing economic and military aid to any country threatened by communism or totalitarian ideology, mainly helped Greece and Turkey
- **2.** Two periods of anti-communist hysteria in the United States, the first following the Russian Revolution, the second in the late 1940s and early 1950s
- **4.** A civil defence slogan, used to teach American citizens how to respond in the event of a nuclear strike
- **6.** Bold, aggressive or risky measures that risk war, to pressure the other side to back down
- 7. Anti-communist theory, contending that the rise of communism in one country would inevitably lead to it spreading to neighbouring countries, particularly in Asia
- **8.** US-Soviet competition in rocket technology and space exploration, between the 1950s and 1975