

## Science Vocab

## <u>Across</u>

**3.** filter lymph

**9.** the largest artery in the body

**10.** tiny, narrow, blood vessels

**13.** also called the circulatory system

 ${\bf 16.}$  hollow muscular organ that pumps blood throughout the body

**17.** flap of tissue that prevents blood from flowing backwards

**18.** an iron-containing protein that binds chemically to oxygen molecules

19. recieves blood that comes into the heart  $% \left( {{{\boldsymbol{x}}_{i}}} \right)$ 

**21.** blood vessels that carry blood back to the heart

**22.** consists of water and dissolved matierials such as glucose

24. pumps blood out of the heart25. the liquid part of blood

## Down

1. cell fragments that play a key role in forming blood clots

2. the force blood exerts against the walls of the blood vessels

**4.** a condition in which an artery wall thickens as a result of the buildup of fatty materials

 $\boldsymbol{5.}$  blood vessels that cary blood away from the heart

6. caused by the alternating expansion and relaxation of the artery wall

7. sends out signals that make the heart muscle contract

8. the body's disease fighters

**11.** take oxygen in the lungs and deliver it to cells elsewhere in the body

12. your body's drainage system14. carry blood to the heart itself

**15.** the process in which molecules move from an area of higher concentration to an area of lower concentration

**20.** a disorder in which a person's blood pressure is conistently higher than normal- usually defined as greater than 140/90

**23.** when blood flow to a part of the heart muscle is blocked