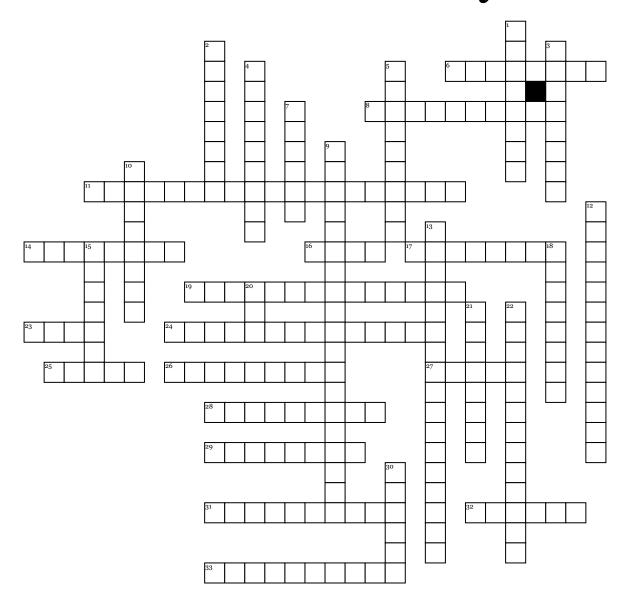
Name:	Date:	Period:

math vocabulary



Across

- **6.** A point on a line segment that divides the segment into two congruent segments.
- **8.** The result of subtracting two numbers.
- **11.** Two equations whose solutions are the same.
- **14.** A mathematical statement that says that two expressions have the same value; any number sentence with an =.
- **16.** The bottom of a plane figure or three-dimensional figure.
- 17. Without an end. Not finite.
- 19. A real number that is less than zero.
- **23.** The number of square units that covers a shape or figure.
- **24.** Two angles that share both a side and a vertex.
- **25.** In probability, a set of outcomes.

- **26.** Figures or angles that have the same size and shape.
- **27.** A line segment that connects two points on a curve.
- **28.** A polynomial with three terms.
- **29.** A value that does not change.
- **31.** A statement that might be true, which can then be tested.
- **32.** The set of points in a plane that are a fixed distance from a given point, called the center.
- **33.** The value of y at the point where a curve crosses the y-axis.

Down

- **1.** A number that indicates the operation of repeated multiplication.
- **2.** A polynomial with two terms.
- **3.** The line that divides something into two equal parts.

- **4.** The number of times a particular item appears in a data set.
- **5.** consisting of three terms.
- 7. A unit of measure of an angle.
- 9. A triangle that has three equal sides.
- **10.** The answer to a division problem.
- 12. The distance around a circle.
- **13.** Lines that have one and only one point in common.
- **15.** A number that represents the characteristics of a data set.
- **18.** To substitute number values into an expression.
- **20.** A portion of the circumference of a circle.
- **21.** A number that indicates the operation of repeated multiplication.
- 22. A polygon with 4 sides
- **30.** To divide into two congruent parts.