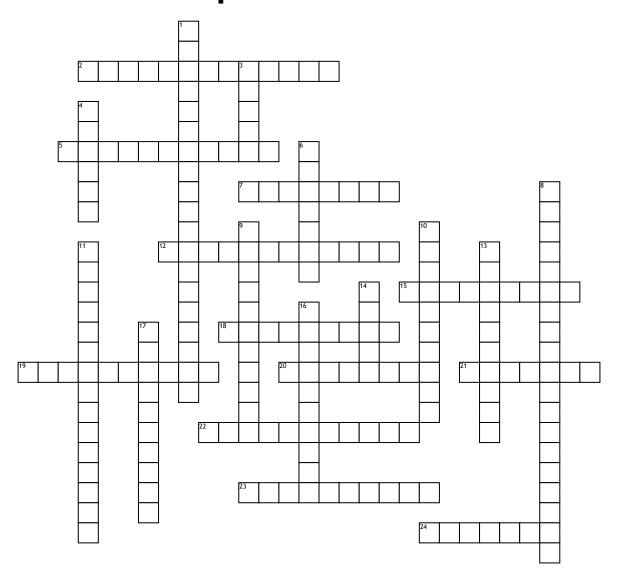
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Chapter 19 Test



Across

- 2. Type of asexual reproduction algae where an individual breaks into pieces and each piece grows into a new individual
- 5. Protists with one or more flagella
- **7.** Where wast materials leave a paramecium cell
- **12.** The phylum____ consists of protists called Flagellates
- **15.** Unicellular, heterotrophic, animal-like protist
- 18. Organisms that spreads Malaria
- **19.** Approximately _____ people have Malaria
- **20.** Amoebas feed on small organisms such as _____
- **21.** Body structure produced by some plants and some other organisms that lacks roots, stems, and leaves

- **22.** Cytoplasm-containing extensions of the plasma membrane; aid in locomotion and feeding
- 23. The mass of cytoplasm that contains many diploid nuclei but no cell walls or membranes
- **24.** Short hairlike projections that usually aid locomotion

Down

- 1. The type of reproduction in which a single parent produces one or more identical offspring by dividing into two cells; how amoebas reproduce
- **3.** Photosynthetic, plant-like, autotrophic protists
- 4. Group of unicellular or multicellular organisms that live together in a close association
- **6.** Protists can cause diseases such as

- **8.** Help pump out excess water from paramecium
- **9.** Haploid form of an organism in alternation of generations that produces gametes
- **10.** Group of parasitic protozoans of the phylum Sporozoa that reproduce by spore production
- **11.** Contains the most diverse organisms of all the kingdoms
- **13.** The diploid form of an organism in alternation of generations that produces spores
- 14. Reproductive cell with a hard outer coat that forms a new organism without the fusion of gametes
- **16.** The characteristic that all protists share is that they are all _____
- **17.** About 8000 members of the protist phylum_____ are known as ciliates