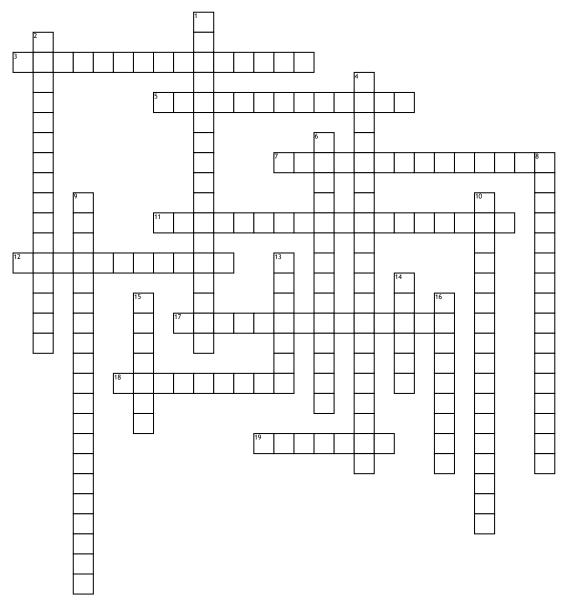
## Chapter 6



## **Across**

- **3.** Lawyer observed the British attack on Fort McHenry
- **5.** 1814 agreement that ended the War of 1812
- 7. power of Supreme Court to decide whether the acts of president or laws passed by Congress on constitutional
- **11.** government is limited to powers clearly stated in the Constitution
- **12.** group of departments and officials that make up an organization such as the government
- **17.** organization of people that seeks to win elections and hold public office in order to shape government policy

- **18.** act or statement that becomes an example, rule, or tradition to be followed
- **19.** went to London to avoid war with Britian

## Down

- **1.** government has any power not forbidden by the Constitution
- **2.** republican uprising against the French monarchy that began in 1789
- **4.** led by Jefferson one of first political parties in the US
- 6. staff of the executive branch
- **8.** 1794 uprising in western Pennsylvania that opposed federal excise tax on whiskey

- 9. 1789 laws allowed the government to imprison or deport aliens, and to prosecute its critics
- **10.** 1803 purchase from France by the United States Mississippi River to Rocky Mountains
- **13.** group of senior officials appointed by the president that heads the executive departments and advises the President
- 14. tax on imported goods
- **15.** offical ban or restriction on trade
- **16.** controversy in 1789 French Officals demanded bribes of American negotiators