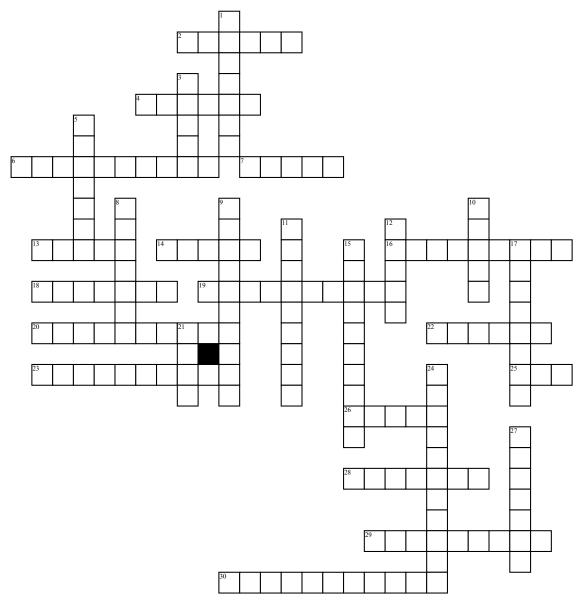
Optics



Across

- **2.** Another word for nearsightedness
- **4.** Allows no light to get through.
- 6. Waves where the particles of the medium vibrate with an up and down motion.
- **7.** The spot is where the optic nerve leaves the retina.
- 13. The aqueous humour is the that fills the front part of the eyeball.
- 14. Your image will be upright, but much smaller than what you normally see in this kind of mirror.
- **16.** The lens in a telescope focuses the light to a point in front of the eyepiece.
- body is a circular muscle that enables the lens to change shape for focusing.
- **19.** A type of optical telescope that uses a lens as its objective to form an image.
- 20. Is an optical telescope which uses curved mirrors that reflect light and form an image.

- 22. A lens that makes light rays come together is called a lens.
- 23. When the sunlight passes from the air through rain droplets before reaching your eyes, what is this called?
- **25.** Where does the energy of the electromagnetic spectrum come from?
- 26. Which rays are the highest forms of electromagnetic radiation?
- **28.** The pupil gets ____ in bright light.
- 29. Images are formed behind the retina, not on it, and this causes close-up images to be
- **30.** The ability to let light rays in.

Down

- 1. Different of light have different wavelengths.
- 3. ,Light can travel in a straight line just like
- **5.** These lenses make light spread apart.

- **8.** What kind of wave can you see on the water on a windy day?
- 9. Concave mirrors are also called mirrors
- **10.** With refraction of light no image is _point. formed when the object is at the
- 11. The most common cause of blindness
- and dark-coloured surface will absorb light the most.
- 15. What is the branch of science called that deals with the study of waves that travel through the Earth?
- 17. As the wavelength gets shorter, both the frequency and energy _
- 21. The coloured part of the eye.
- **24.** Light can partially get through...
- **27.** The is a layer of blood vessels that nourishes the eye.