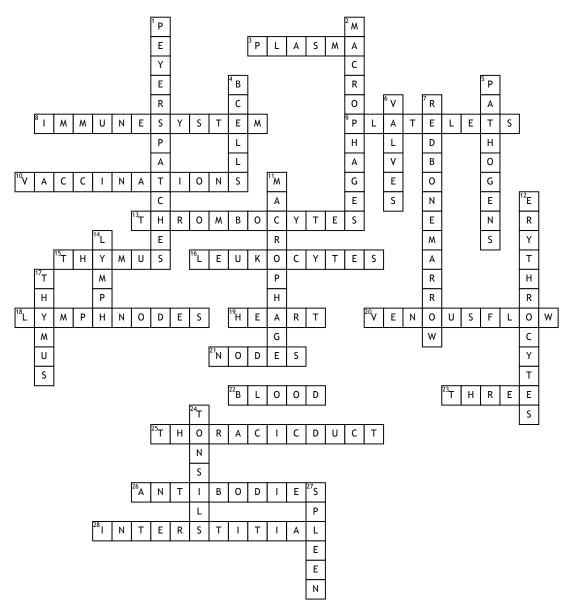
Name:	Date:

immune system



Across

- 3. lymph is pulled from
- **8.** lymphatic massage strengthens the
- 9. thrombocytes AKA
- 10. example of specific immunity
- 13. makes clots
- 15. where t cells mature
- 16. white blood cells
- **18.** axillary, inguinal, popliteal, terminus and cisterna, chyli
- 19. where ALL lymph nodes drain
- 20. lymph follows
- **21.** these remove and filter pathogens and debris from lymphatic fluid

- 22. liquid connective tissue
- **23.** number of superficial lymph node locations
- **25.** where the largest amount of lymph fluid drains
- **26.** proteins produced by B cells that destroy antigens
- 28. fluid between tissue cells

<u>Down</u>

- 1. Intestinal lymphatic tissue
- 2. white blood cells that filter out old red blood cells
- 4. secretes antibodies
- **5.** micro-organisms and invaders in the blood are called

- **6.** Lymphatic vessels have these to keep lymph going one direction-
- 7. lymphocytes are formed in
- **11.** white blood cells that destroy debris
- **12.** largest percent of blood cells in the body
- **14.** clear watery fluid that surrounds cells
- **17.** gland that provides immune support early in life
- 24. lymphatic massage starts here
- **27.** stores blood in the body, and is located in the upper left quadrant of the stomach