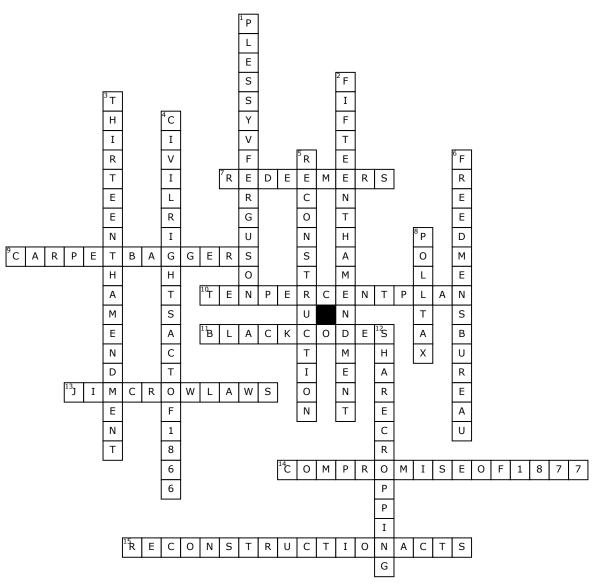
## Chapter 17: Reconstruction



## <u>Across</u>

**7.** Democrats who brought their party back to power in the south.

**9.** Northern-born Republicans who had moved to the south after the war.

**10.** It offered an official pardon to those who formerly supported the rebellion.

**11.** This required African Americans to sign work contracts, creating working conditions to be very similar to ones as slaves. **13.** These enforced segregation.

**14.** This caused all remaining federal troops to be removed from the south.

**15.** This made the south be divided into 5 districts and to be controlled by U.S. military commanders.

## <u>Down</u>

 This ruling allowed segregation in "separate-but-equal" facilities.
A change to the constitution that allowed male African Americans to vote.  It made slavery illegal throughout the United States.
Gave African Americans the same legal rights as white Americans.

**5.** A process that took place from 1865 till 1877.

**6.** A group that provided food, education, and legal help to certain poor southerners and freed-people.

**8.** A special payment people had to pay before voting.

**12.** When landowners provide land and materials for farming, and sharecroppers provide the labor.