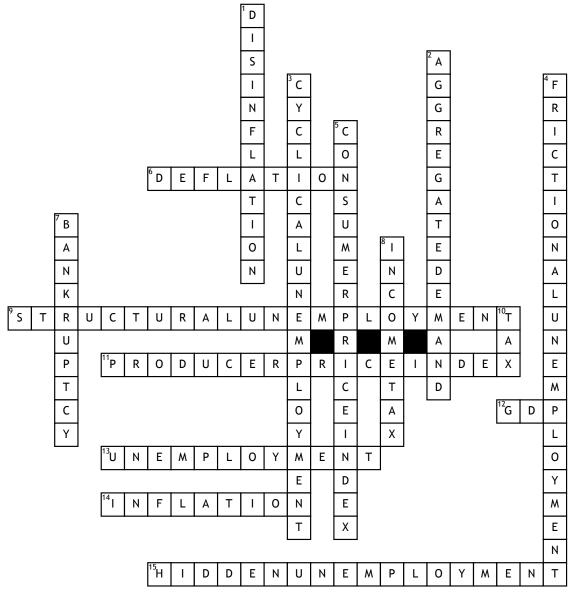
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## Unemployment and Inflation



## **Across**

- **6.** Reduction of the general level of prices in an economy
- **9.** Form of unemployment caused by a mismatch between the skills that workers in the economy can offer, and the skills demanded of workers by employers
- 11. Measurement of the change in prices of factors of production
- **12.** The monetary value of all the finished goods and services produced within a country's borders in a specific time period
- **13.** When someone of working age is not able to get a job but would like to be in full-time employment

- **14.** A general increase in prices and fall in the purchasing value of money
- **15.** Refers to people who are jobless but official figures do not include them

## Down

- 1. A fall in the inflation rate
- 2. The total demand for goods and services within a particular market
- **3.** When workers lose their jobs because of downturns in the business cycle.
- **4.** The unemployment which exists in any economy due to people being in the process of moving from one job to another

- **5.** Measurement of the change in prices of a basket of goods and services consumed by the average household
- 7. When a person or business cannot repay their outstanding debts
- **8.** Tax levied directly on personal income
- **10.** A compulsory contribution to state revenue, levied by the government on workers' income and business profits, or added to the cost of some goods, services, and transactions.