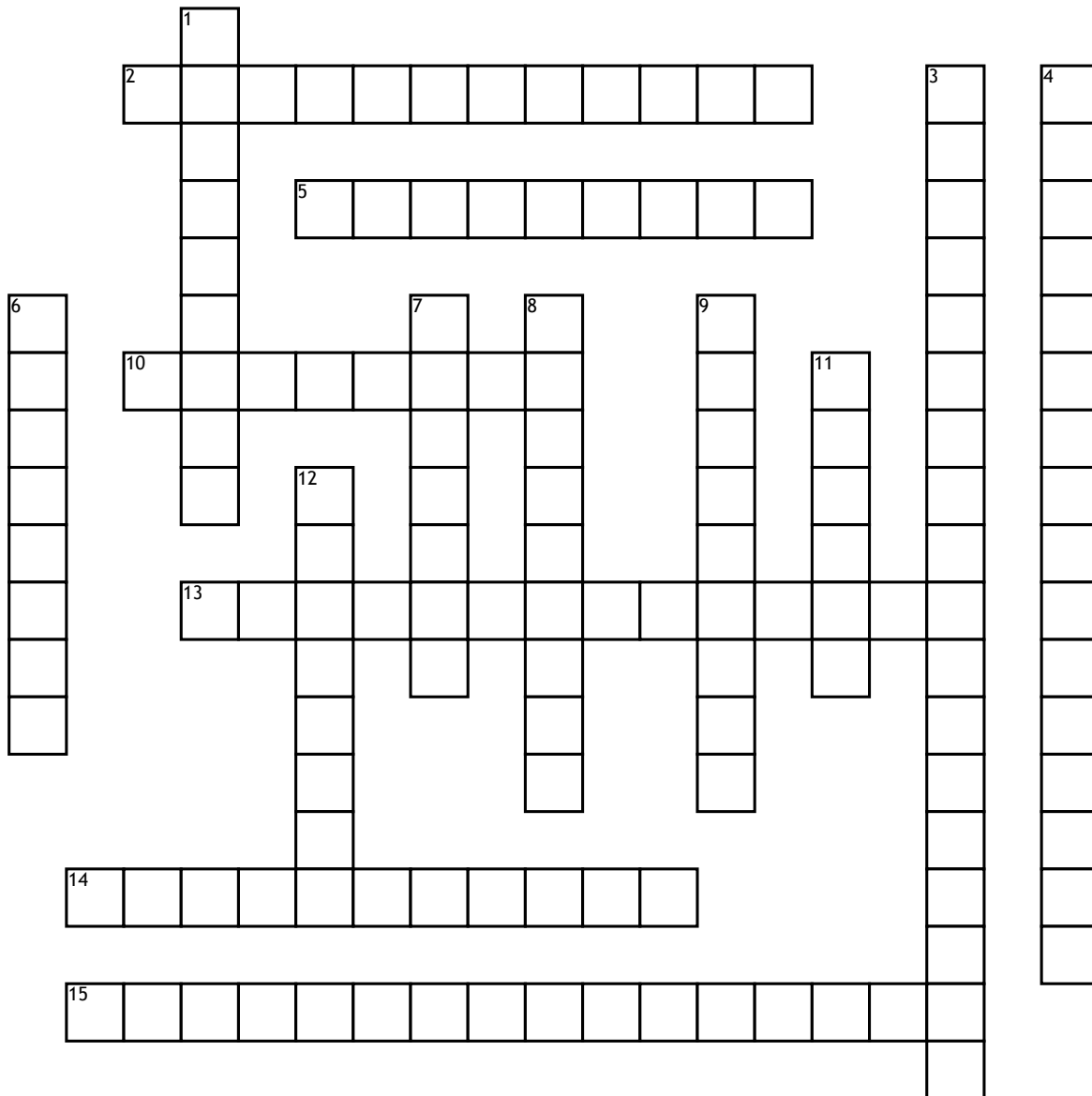


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Ms. Etherington



## Across

2. an information system on the Internet that allows documents to be connected to other documents by hypertext links, enabling the user to search for information by moving from one document to another.

5. a high-capacity, self-contained storage device containing a read-write mechanism plus one or more hard disks, inside a sealed unit.

10. All the parts of a computer you can touch

13. An underlying base or foundation especially for an organization or system.

14. The main printed circuit board in a complex electronic device, such as a personal computer, usually containing the central processing unit, the main system memory, and other components essential to the device's operation

15. a computer designed for use by one person at a time.

## Down

1. a device that can be slotted into a computer to allow the use of audio components for multimedia applications.

3. RAM (random access memory) is the place in a computer where the operating system, application programs, and data in current use are kept so that they can be quickly reached by the computer's processor.

4. In computing, an optical disc drive (ODD) is a disk drive that uses laser light or electromagnetic waves within or near the visible light spectrum as part of the process of reading or writing data to or from optical discs.

6. A publicly accessible system of networks that connects computers around the world via the TCP/IP protocol.

7. a tag used to categorize posts on Twitter (tweets) according to topics.

8. a typeface in which characters have no serifs

9. a printed circuit board controlling output to a display screen.

11. backing up, refers to the copying and archiving of computer data so it may be used to restore the original after a data loss event.

12. the programs and other operating information used by a computer.