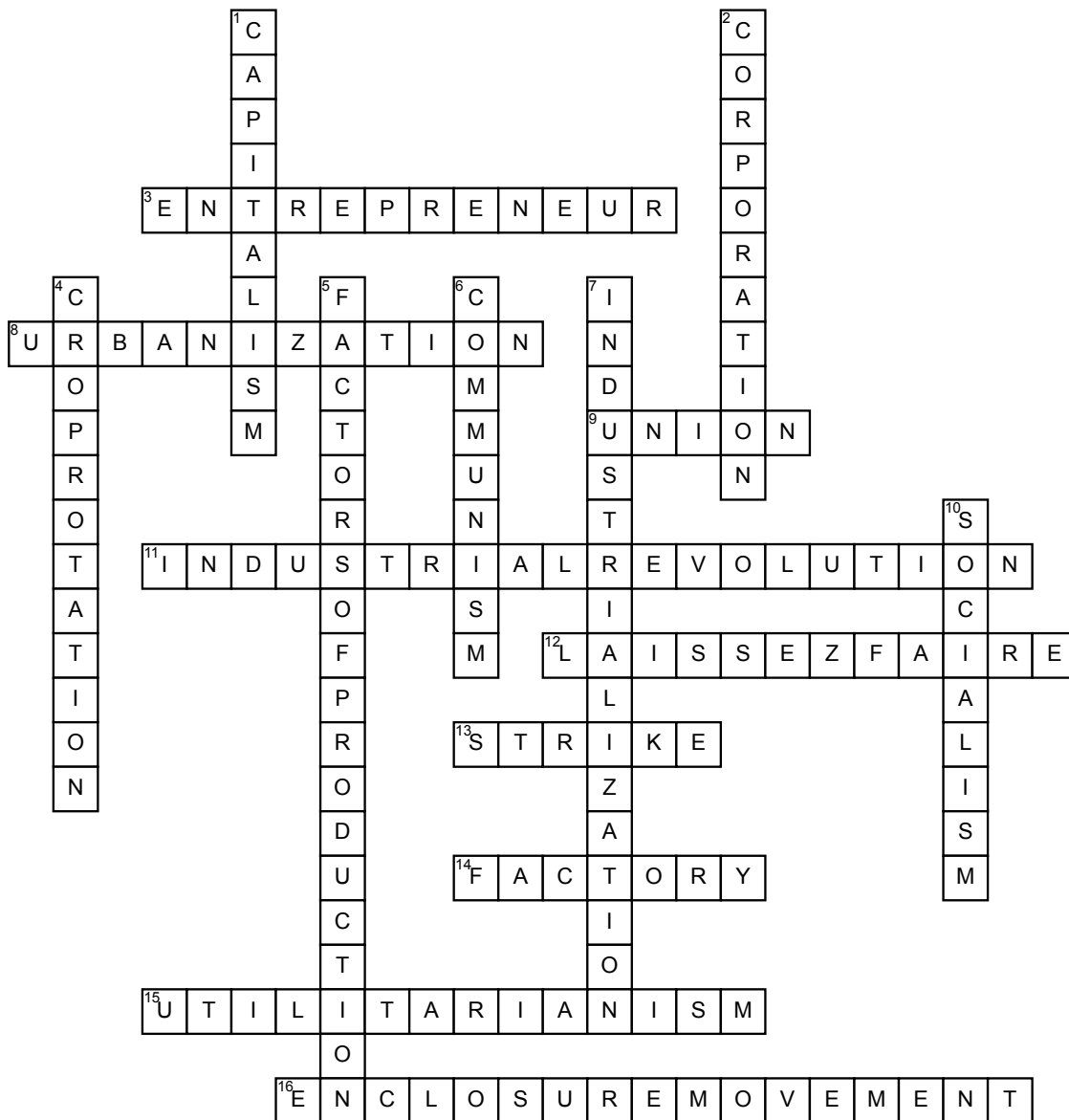


chapter 9 crossword puzzle



Across

3. A person who organizes, manages, and takes on the risks of a business.

8. The growth of cities and the migration of people into them

9. An association of workers, formed to bargain for better working conditions and higher wages

11. the shift, beginning in England during the 18th century, from making goods by hand to making them by machine

12. The idea that government should not interfere with or regulate industries and businesses.

13. To refuse to work in order to force an employer to meet certain demands.

14. A large building in which machinery is used to manufacture goods.

15. the doctrine that an action is right insofar as it promotes happiness, and that the greatest happiness of the greatest number should be the guiding principle of conduct.

16. The legal process in England of consolidating small landholdings into larger farms. Once enclosed, use of the land became restricted to the owner, and it ceased to be common land for communal use.

Down

1. an economic and political system in which a country's trade and industry are controlled by private owners for profit, rather than by the state.

2. A business owned by stockholders who share in its profits but are not personally responsible for its debts.

4. The system of growing a different crop in a field each year to preserve the fertility of the land

5. The resources---- including land, labor, and capital---- that are needed to produce goods and services.

6. a political theory derived from Karl Marx, advocating class war and leading to a society in which all property is publicly owned and each person works and is paid according to their abilities and needs.

7. the development of industries for the machine production of goods.

10. a political and economic theory of social organization which advocates that the means of production, distribution, and exchange should be owned or regulated by the community as a whole.