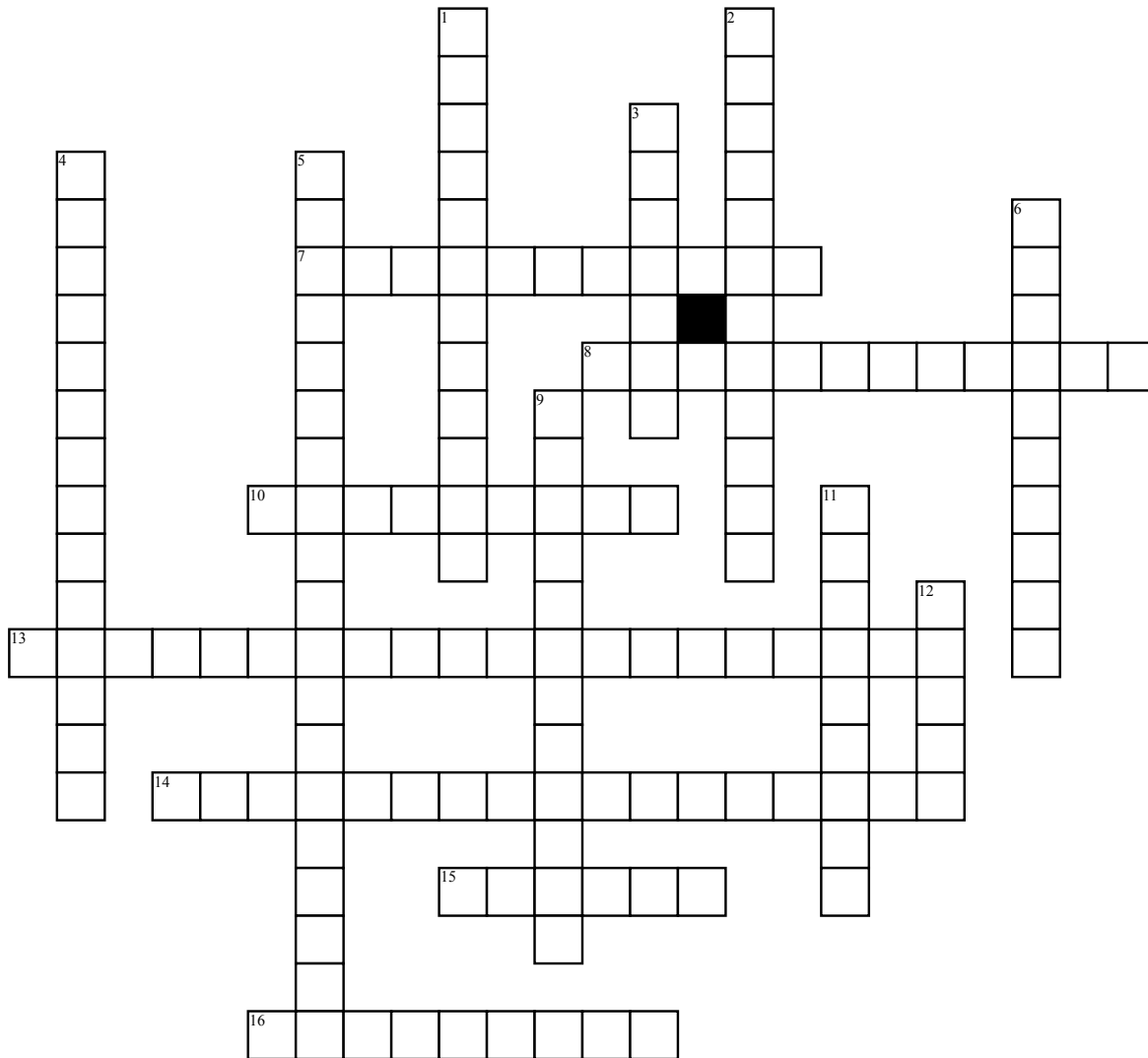


Name: _____ Date: _____ Period: _____

Industrial revolution vocabulary



Across

7. a company or group of people authorized to act as a single entity (legally a person) and recognized as such in law.

8. the process of making an area more urban

10. a political theory derived from Karl Marx, advocating class war and leading to a society in which all property is publicly owned and each person works and is paid according to their abilities and needs.

13. the changes in manufacturing and transportation that began with fewer things being made by hand but instead made using machines in larger-scale factories

14. the development of industries in a country or region on a wide scale

15. became common during the Industrial Revolution, when mass labor became important in factories and mines.

16. an area that is sealed off with an artificial or natural barrier

Down

1. a person who organizes and operates a business or businesses, taking on greater than normal financial risks in order to do so.

2. the action or system of rotating crops

3. a building or group of buildings where goods are manufactured or assembled chiefly by machine.

4. the doctrine that actions are right if they are useful or for the benefit of a majority.

5. economic term that describes the inputs used in the production of goods or services in order to make an economic profit.

6. an economic and political system in which a country's trade and industry are controlled by private owners for profit, rather than by the state.

9. a policy or attitude of letting things take their own course, without interfering.

11. a political and economic theory of social organization which advocates that the means of production, distribution, and exchange should be owned or regulated by the community as a whole.

12. the action or fact of joining or being joined, especially in a political context.