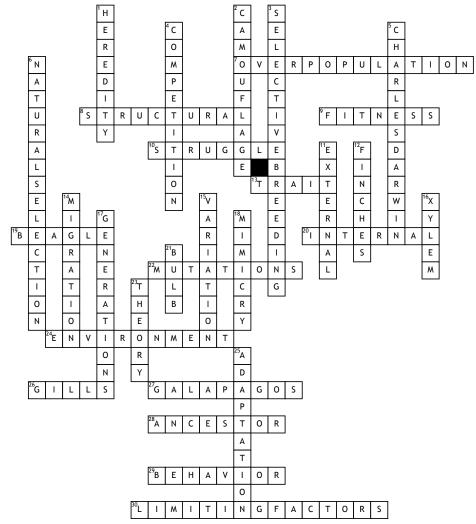
## Natural Selection & Adaptations



## Across

7. organisms produce more offspring than can survive in an environment

8. the way an organism is built

9. how well an organism is suited to its environment

10. there must be a \_\_\_\_\_ to survive for selection

13. a characteristic of an organism

**19.** Charles Darwin traveled all over the world on this ship.

**20.** an adaptation that is INSIDE an organism's body

22. where variations come from

**24.** organisms develop adaptations that help them survive in their \_\_\_\_\_.

**26.** An internal structure of fish that allow them to survive underwater by taking in oxygen through the water.

27. Darwin observed adaptations on these islands

## Word Bank

migration	heredity
ancestor	galapagos
Charles Darwin	mimicry
overpopulation	gills
natural selection	generations

**28.** Even though whales, horses, and bats don't look anything like humans, we actually share a lot in common, like live births & warm-blooded. Scientists think its because we all share a common \_\_\_\_\_.

29. something an organism does

 ${\bf 30.}$  amount of food, water, shelter, etc. that control populations

## Down

1. traits can be passed down to offspring through genes

- 2. blending in with the environment
- $\ensuremath{\textbf{3}}$  . the deliberate breeding of plants or animals for desired traits
- 4. the struggle among organisms for food and space
- 5. scientist who wrote "On the Origin of Species..."

6. the process by which species of organisms with traits best suited to their environment are most likely to survive and reproduce

an adaptation that is OUTSIDE an organism's body
Darwin famously described the adaptations of these island birds

14. a seasonal movement of animals

**15.** differences in traits in a population of organisms **16.** An internal structure of a plant that resembles

tubes. These structures transport water and nutrients from the plant's roots to its stem and leaves. (similar to circulatory systems of animals)

17. natural selection occurs over many \_\_\_\_\_

18. when an organism looks or behaves like another kind of organism

**21.** A part of some plants that grows underground. It is used as food (energy) storage for the plant during cold seasons.

 $\ensuremath{\textbf{23.}}$  An explanation that has a large amount of scientific evidence to support it

25. an inherited trait that helps an organism survive

limiting factors	adaptation	behavior	Beagle
finches	theory	bulb	mutations
xylem	selective breeding	camouflage	variation
structural	struggle	competition	external
environment	internal	trait	fitness