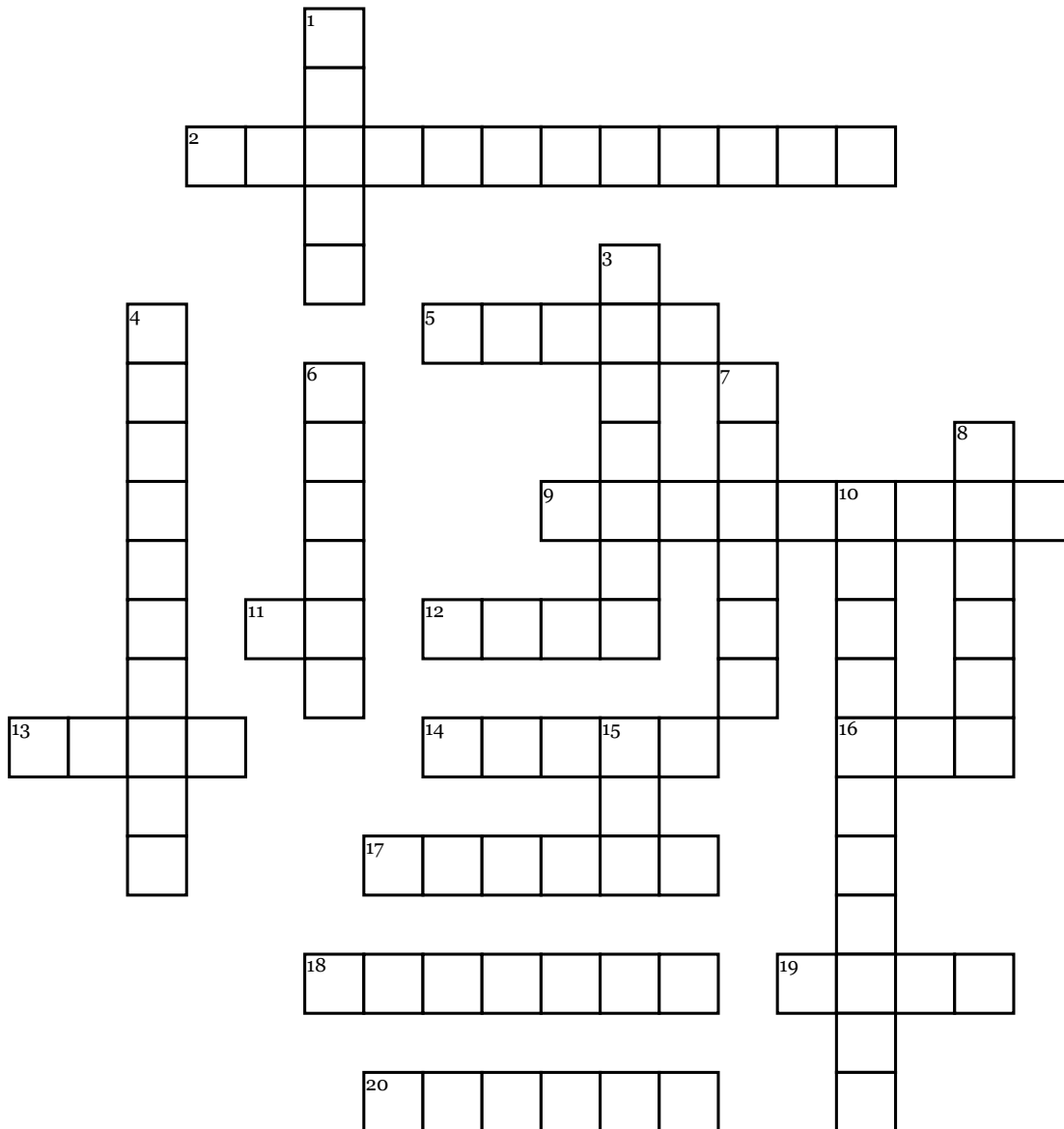


Name: _____

Date: _____

CPR



Across

2. Use _____ if you are unable to perform full CPR
5. before checking a victim, you must check the _____.
9. monitor abc's (airway, _____, circulation)
11. always ask the victim if they are _____
12. for rescue breathing use the _____ tilt, chin lift method
13. The three C's.... Check, Call, and _____.
14. _____ is when there is not enough blood being delivered too all parts of your body and can result from injury or illness
16. you must check head to _____ when checking a conscious adult.

17. People don't act mostly because they are _____ of what to do.

18. To obtain consent to perform CPR on someone, state your name and tell the victim that you are _____ in CPR.

19. if you are unsure what to do, you must _____ 911.

20. Unusual behavior, odors, sights or _____ are all signs of an emergency.-

Down

1. A "Good Samaritan" uses common _____ and a reasonable level of skill"

3. only move and _____ person if you need to in order to perform proper care

4. H.A.IN.E.S means high arms in _____ spine

6. if you feel weakness or numbness on one side of the body this could be results of a _____

7. You do not need to get consent if the person is a child or the victim is _____ to tell you the problem,

8. you can also move a victim if the scene becomes _____

10. persistent chest pain or discomfort lasting more than 3-5 minutes could be a sign of a _____

15. continue _____ until the scene becomes unsafe