Name:	Date:

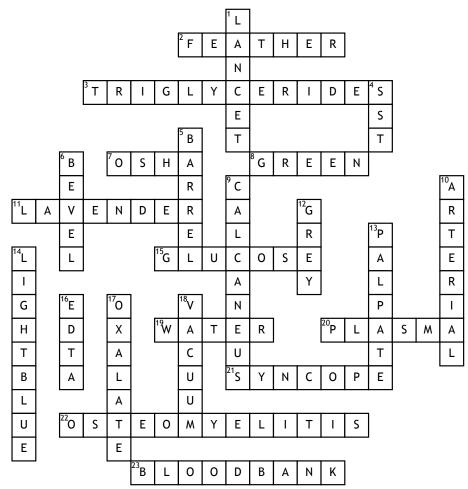
Unit 3

Across

- 2. The thinnest area of a blood smear, where the testing is actually done
- **3.** 12 hour fast is required for testing this
- **7.** The use of gloves during phlebotomy is mandated by
- **8.** Color tube that contains heparin
- **11.** Color tube used for CBC's
- **15.** Reference values are higher for this test in capillary specimens
- **19.** Is acceptable to drink when fasting for labwork
- **20.** The specimen from an unclotted tube after being spun in the centrifuge. (Contains and anticoagulant)
- **21.** medical term for fainting
- **22.** Complication of a heel puncture that is too deep
- **23.** Pink top tubes are primarily used for

<u>Down</u>

- 1. Sharp pointed device use for finger and heel sticks
- **4.** Tube used for most serum specimens
- **5.** Part of the syringe that shows measurements in cc or ml
- **6.** The slanted tip of the needle
- **9.** Medical term for heel bone



- **10.** The composition of capillary blood more closely resembles blood
- **12.** Color tube used for glucose tests
- **13.** To examine by touch or feel is to
- **14.** The stopper color for the tube used in coagulation studies.
- **16.** The anticoagulant in a lavender top tube
- **17.** This substance is an anticoagulant
- **18.** the blood automatically fills the tubes because of a pre-measured

