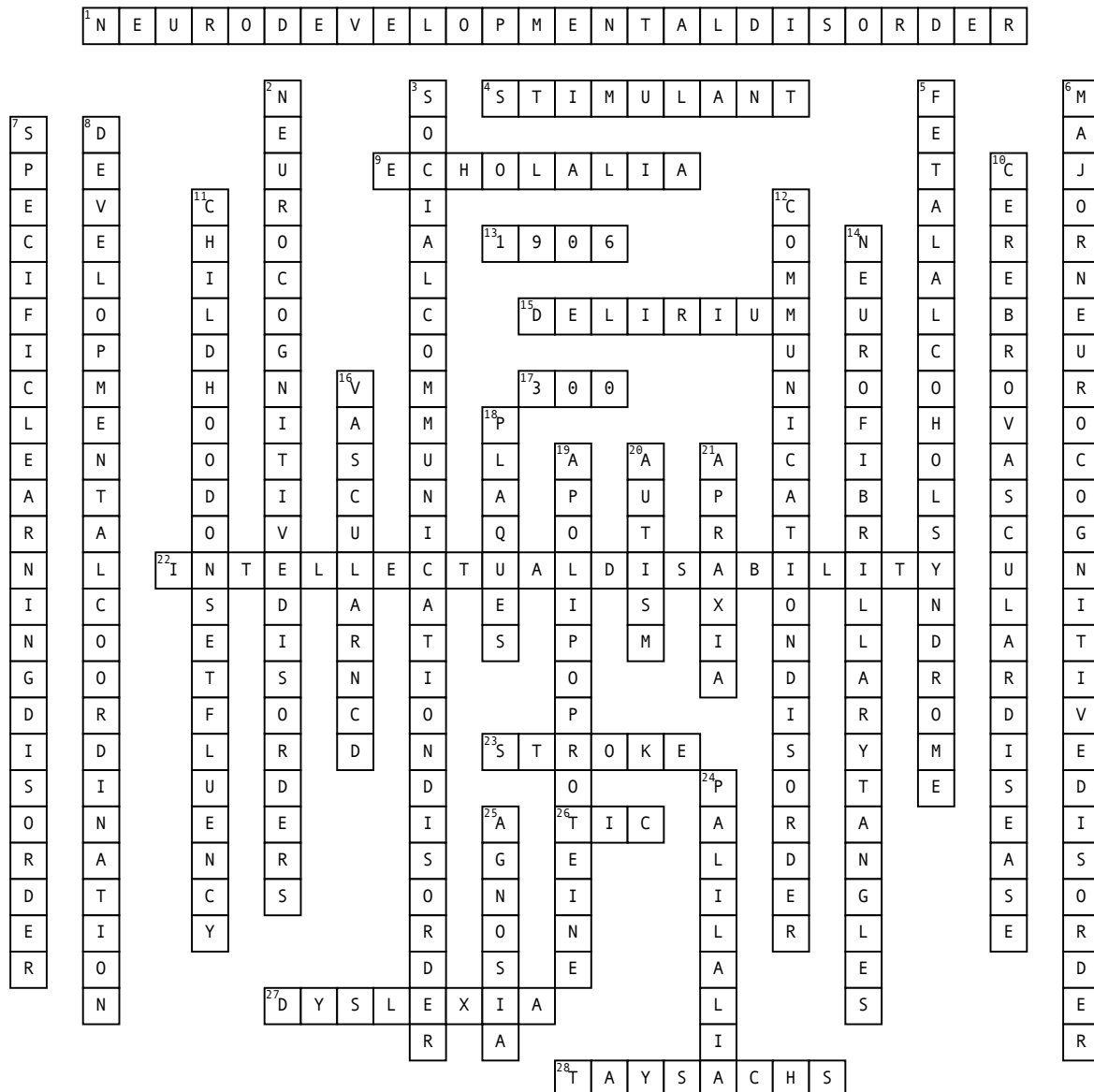


# Abnormal Psychology Ch.10



## Across

1. attention deficit/hyperactivity disorder, autism, intellectual disabilities are all examples of what?

4. 70-85% of children with ADHD respond to this type of drug

9. Rather than generating their own words the individual may echo what they had just heard. This is referred to as \_\_\_\_\_

13. What we now call Alzheimer disease was first described in \_\_\_\_\_

15. \_\_\_\_\_ is characterized by disorientation, recent memory loss, and clouding of attention

17. Nearly \_\_\_\_\_ genes affecting brain development and functioning have been implicated in the development in intellectual disability

22. formerly referred to as mental retardation

23. sudden damage to an area of the brain due to the blockage of blood flow or to hemorrhaging is \_\_\_\_\_

26. sudden, rapid, recurrent, nonrhythmic motor movements or vocalizations

27. The most common specific learning disorder

28. \_\_\_\_\_ disease also is carried by a recessive gene and occurs primarily in Jewish populations

## Down

2. various major and mild neurocognitive disorders and delirium

3. \_\_\_\_\_ is having deficits in using verbal and nonverbal communication for social purposes

5. children with \_\_\_\_\_ have below average IQ of 68 and have poor judgment, distractibility, and difficulty understanding social cues

6. neurocognitive disorder that usually occurs later in life

7. Individuals with \_\_\_\_\_ have deficits in 1 or more academic skills

8. a motor disorder involving fundamental deficits or significant delays in the development of basic motor skills is \_\_\_\_\_ disorder

10. occurs when the blood supply to areas of the brain is blocked, causing tissue damage in the brain

11. children who have significant problems with speaking evenly and fluently have \_\_\_\_\_ disorder

12. persistent difficulties in the acquisition and use of language and other means of communication

14. filaments within nerve cells in the brain that are twisted and tangled

16. another common type of neurocognitive disorder is \_\_\_\_\_

18. deposits of protein

19. what is the gene that is most consistently linked with Alzheimer's disease

20. Involves impairment in two fundamental behavior domains - deficits in social interactions and communications and restricted repetitive patterns of behavior, interests, and activities

21. impairment of the ability to execute common actions such as waving

24. repeating sounds and words

25. failure to recognize objects or people