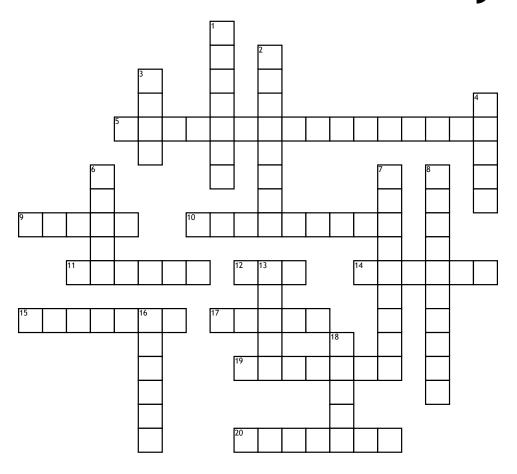
Name:	Date:
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Lab Safety





Across

- **5.** In case of a fire, you should know the location of this important piece of equipment.
- **9.** Wearing this will protect your clothes.
- **10.** Know where this communication tool is before you begin any lab; you may need to find it in case of an emergency.
- 11. You should always ____ the day's experiment before you begin, paying close to safety issues.
- **12.** Only _____ lab equipment as your teacher instructs you to do so.
- 14. _____ one chemical with another can be dangerous. Never do so unless the textbook or your teacher has specifically asked you too.

- **15.** Don't wear _____ in the laboratory, closed toe shoes are the best to wear.
- **17.** In case of a fire in the lab you should _____.
- 19. Secure loose or dangling before beginning a lab.
- **20.** This kind of glassware is dangerous to use because it has stress points where the glass may break.

Down

- 1. If a chemical comes into contact with your eyes, wash them for at least _____ minutes.
- **2.** When heating something in this type of glassware, never point it at yourself or anyone else.
- **3.** Never pour water into this; instead, slowly pour this into water.

- **4.** Never _____ any liquid while in the lab, unless specifically instructed to do so by your teacher.
- **6.** Never work _____ in the laboratory.
- **7.** Some of these are corrosive.
- **8.** What you need before you bring an animal to the lab or classroom.
- **13.** Report accidents to your teacher, no matter how _____ they may seem.
- 16. ____ carefully to your teacher; they may tell you important information regarding the lab or equipment.
- **18.** Handle scissors, scalpels, knives, and other _____ objects with extreme caution.