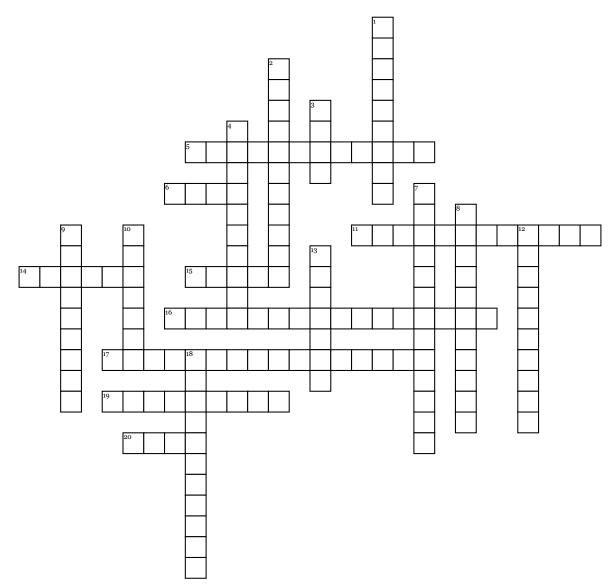
## Anatomy of a neuron



## Across

**5.** this starts as an electrical impulse, travels down a neuron and results in the release of a neurotransmitter at the synaptic knob

**6.** This part of the nerve contains the nucleus a

**11.** Axons are intermittently covered with this, also makes impulse faster

**14.** this consist of 3 main parts, dendrite, axon and the cell body

15. These are neurons that take an impulse from the brain to the action place, also considered efferent16. the chemical that is released when a neuron is stimulated

**17.** Golgi complex packages the neurotransmitter in secretory vesicles called this

**19.** This part of the nerve receives information

**20.** Carries nerve impulse away from the body of the neuron

## **Down**

**1.** Bundles of axons

**2.** concentration of myelinated axons

**3.** Another name for the cell body **4.** concentration of dendrites, cell, cell bodies and are unmyelinated axons **7.** Travels along the axon as an electric current, jumps over the myelin sheath

**8.** connective tissue surrounding an axon of an individual neuron

**9.** cells that aid neurons in their functions

**10.** these are neurons that bring impulses to the brain and spine, afferent

**12.** This is what surrounds the entire nerve

**13.** Junction formed by the neurons synaptic knob with another cell**18.** this is what surrounds fascicles