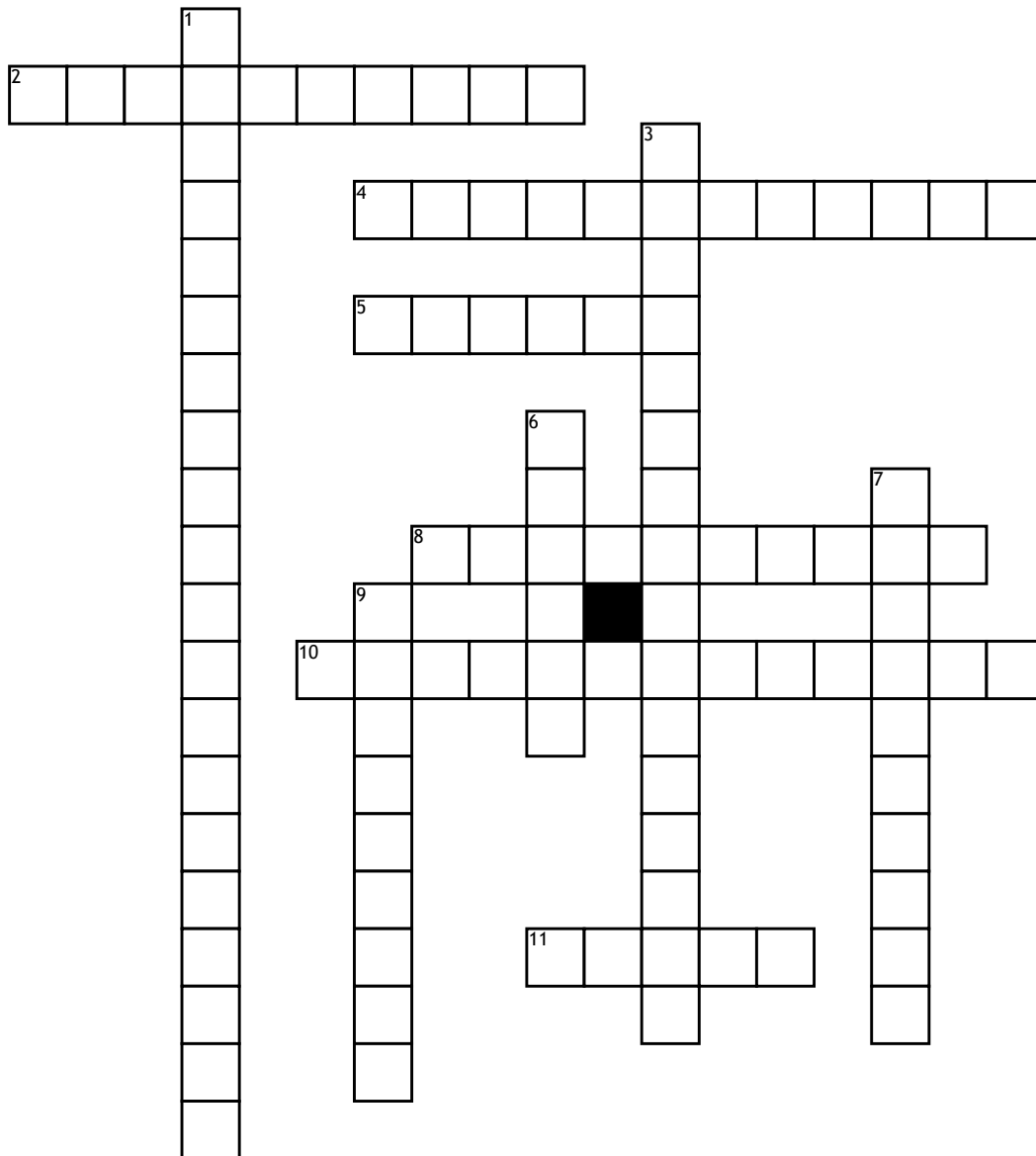


Statistics Chapter 1



Across

2. A _____ is a numerical facsimile or representation of a real-world phenomenon.
4. _____ results from omitting population members from the sample frame.
5. _____ are measurements or observations from which the entire population are used.
8. In _____, are only from some of the individuals of interest.
10. A _____ is a list of individuals from which a sample is actually selected.
11. A _____ is a group of individuals sharing some common features the might affect the treatment.

Down

1. _____ sampling uses a variety of smapling methods to create successively smaller groups at each stage.
3. A _____ is the result of poor sample design, sloppy data collection, faulty measuring instruments, bias in questionnaires and so on.
6. A measurement or observation from which only a part of the population is used.
7. Population divided into subgroups.
9. A _____ is a numerical measure that describes an aspect of the population.