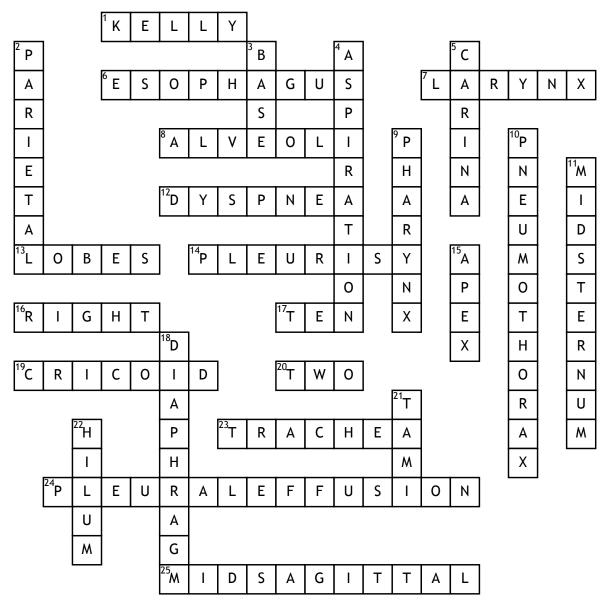
Name:	Date:	

Chest



Across

- 1. Positioning instructor
- **6.** Organ connecting pharynx to stomach
- **7.** Voice box
- 8. Small air sacs in lungs
- 12. Shortness of breath
- 13. Each lung is divided into 2 or 3
- **14.** Inflammation of pleura membrane
- **16.** Primary bronchus that is wider and shorter than the other bronchus
- **17.** Number of ribs shown PA radiograph during good inspiration
- **19.** Ring of cartilage that forms inferior and posterior wall of larynx

- **20.** Number of breaths prior to each exposure
- 23. Fibrous, muscular tube with approximately 20 C shaped rings
- **24.** Abnormal accumulation of fluid in pleural cavity
- **25.** Plane parallel to IR during lateral chest x-ray

Down

- 2. Outer layer of pleural sec that lines inner surface of chest wall
- **3.** Lower concave area of each lung that rests on the diaphragm
- 4. Common when foreign objects swallowed or aspirated into air passages

- **5.** Point where bronchi divide into right and left
- **9.** Passageway for food and fluids as well as air
- **10.** Air in pleural cavity
- **11.** Central ray of AP lordotic projection of the chest
- **15.** Rounded upper area of the lungs above level of clavicles
- **18.** Chief muscle of inspiration
- 21. Physics instructor
- **22.** Central area of each lung where bronchi, blood vessels, lymph vessels, and nerves enter and leave the lungs