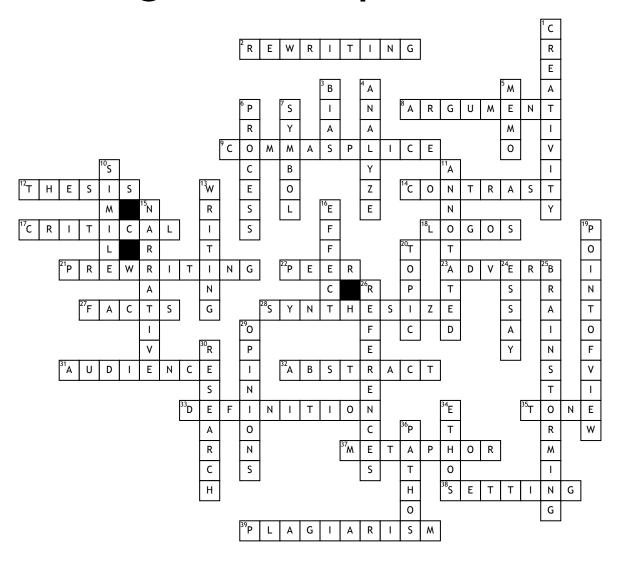
English Composition



<u>Across</u>

- 2. The third stage in the writing process
- 8. Essay that convinces someone of a particular point of view or action
- 9. Use of a comma when a hard break is needed
- 12. A sentence that conveys the main claim of the paper
- 14. Compare : How two things are similar and different
- thinking: the ability to apply reasoning and logic to new or unfamiliar ideas
- 18. Appeal to reason
- 21. The first stage in the writing process
- review: Reading and responding to a classmate's paper
- 23. A word modifying a verb or adjective
- 27. Things based on evidence, numbers, statistics, data, or documentation
- 28. Put parts together in a new fashion
- 31. Who will read or receive an essay

- 32. Provides a concise and complete summary of the essay
- 33. Essay that explains a term or a particular use of a word
- 35. The author's attitude toward the text
- 37. Shows an indirect comparison without using
- **38.** Where the story takes place
- 39. Using someone else's words or ideas without credit

- 1. The ability to make new things or think of new ideas
- 3. The author's attitude toward a subject
- 4. Break down into parts to see interrelationships
- 5. A form of internal business correspondence
- 6. Essay that explains how something works
- 7. Something that represents something else
- 10. Shows an indirect comparison using "like" or

- _ bibliography: List of references and commentary on each
- 13. The second stage in the writing process
- 15. Essay that relates an event or tells a story
- 16. Cause-_: One thing leads to
- 19. The perspective from which an essay is told
- 20. The subject of the essay
- 24. A piece of writing that gives the author's own argument
- 25. Generating as many ideas as possible, without censoring
- 26. In APA style, a list of sources used
- 29. Things based on unproven beliefs
- 30. The systematic investigation into and study of materials and sources in order to establish facts and reach new conclusions
- 34. Appeal to the character of the writer
- 36. Appeal to the audience's sympathies, values, beliefs, and emotions