

Name: _____

Date: _____

MSN 1-DIGESTIVE SYSTEM

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| 1. Sphincter located at the lower end of the stomach M | A. Liver |
| 2. Small flap of tissue that closes N | B. Rugae |
| 3. Enzyme that initiates the breakdown of starches to sugars C | C. Ptyalin |
| 4. First part of the small intestine E | D. Small Intestine |
| 5. The final 6 to 8 inches of the colon F | E. Duodenum |
| 6. Wormlike, small blind tube attached to the cecum O | F. Rectum |
| 7. Duct which leads from the liver K | G. Amino Acids |
| 8. Mixture of food and gastric juice I | H. Omentum |
| 9. Ligaments supporting the stomach H | I. Chyme |
| 10. This organ secretes bile which is needed to break down fats A | J. Pancreas |
| 11. This organ has a exocrine and endocrine function J | K. Hepatic Duct |
| 12. This enzyme changes starches to sugars P | L. Lipase |
| 13. 90% of food is absorbed here D | M. Pyloric Sphincter |
| 14. This enzyme breaks down fats to fatty acids and glycerol L | N. Epiglottis |
| 15. Proteins are also known as this G | O. Appendix |
| 16. This nerve initiates the gastric juice production T | P. Amylase |
| 17. Rhythmic movements of contractions that move food along the digestive tract Q | Q. Peristalsis |
| 18. Carries food from mouth to the stomach U | R. Pepsin |
| 19. Folds that line the stomach B | S. Gallbladder |
| 20. This enzyme breaks down protein R | T. Vagus |
| 21. This organ stores bile S | U. Esophagus |