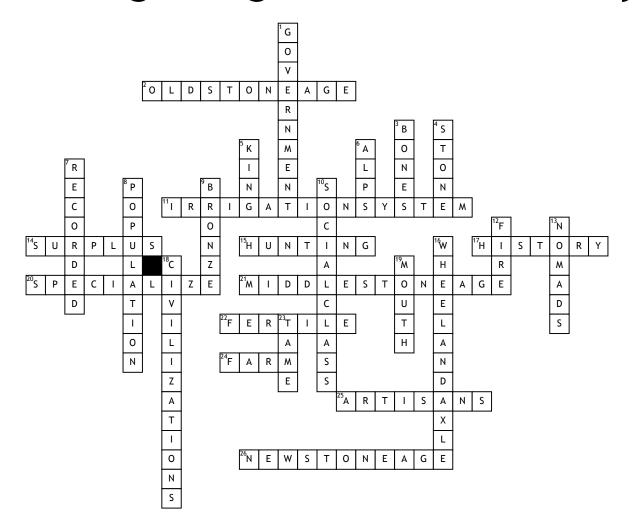
Name:	Date:

## The Beginnings of Human Society



## **Across**

- **2.** The earliest of the Stone Age periods
- 11. A netwrok of canals to supply land with water is known as an
- **14.** This word means that people had more food than they needed
- **15.** During the Old Stone Age, people got food by
- 17. Prehistory takes place before
- 20. With more people living in a village, people were able to \_\_\_\_\_ their jobs.
- 21. The second of the Stone Age periods
- 22. Good farming places had

\_ soil.

- 24. In the New Stone Age, people learned to
- **25.** These people were skilled workers in jobs such as basket making, tool making, and leather goods

26.	The	last	of	the	Stone	Age	periods
Dov	vn						

1. Civilizations needed a

\_\_\_\_\_ to keep order and

3. Archaeologists examine

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, tools, and other objects.

- 4. During the Stone Age, people made tools and weapons mainly from
- **5.** The \_\_\_\_\_ was by far the most powerful person in a civilization.

events of

- 6. Where was the Iceman found?
- 7. History means the

people and cultures.

8. Having a surplus of food led to a rise in

**9.** By 6600 B.C., artisans discovered that they could mix copper and tin to create

- **10.** In a \_\_\_\_\_\_ each person is a part of a group, or class, made up of others with similar backgrounds.
- **12.** During the Middle Stone Age, people discovered \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **13.** People who moved from place to place, with no settled home were
- **16.** By 3500 B.C., people had developed the to make

trading and travel easier.

- 18. New Stone Age societies became
- **19.** Oral traditions are stories passed down by word of \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **23.** During the New Stone Age, people learned how to \_\_\_\_\_ animals.