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Across

2. Forwards are the players on an association football team who play nearest to the opposing team's goal, and are therefore most responsible for scoring goals. Their advanced position and limited defensive responsibilities mean forwards normally score more goals on behalf of their team than other players.

4. Cleats or studs are protrusions on the sole of a shoe, or on an external attachment to a shoe, that provide additional traction on a soft or slippery surface.

5. The referee is the person responsible for enforcing the Laws of the Game

9. In many team sports which involve scoring goals, the goalkeeper (sometimes termed goaltender, netminder, goalie or keeper) is a designated player charged with directly preventing the opposing team from scoring by blocking or intercepting opposing shots on goal.

s a method of restarting play in association football, in which a player is allowed to take a single shot on the goal while it is defended only by the opposing team's goalkeeper.
 A throw-in is a method of restarting play in a game of football (or soccer) when the ball has exited the side of the field of play.

17. imply explained, an offsides infraction is the result of an offensive player getting closer to the opposing team's goal line than both the ball and the last defender. Per the FIFA rulebook, a player is ruled offside "the moment the ball touches or is played by one of his teammates."

18. A corner kick is the method of restarting play in a game of association football when the ball goes out of play over the goal line, without a goal being scored and having last been touched by a member of the defending team. The kick is taken from the corner of the field of play nearest to where it went out.

19. The skill of tackling in soccer is the act of a defender coming to meet an opponent who is in possession of the ball, engaging him, and then legally using a foot to take the ball away. This is an aggressive act that almost always involves contact, either between the players directly or with the ball between them.

Down

1. The sweeper is a defensive position in football, so called because their job is to 'sweep up' any attacking moves which pass other defenders. ... The sweeper is usually placed between the goalkeeper and the defensive line

3. The penalty area or 18-yard box (Within the penalty area is the penalty spot, which is 10.97 meters (36.0 ft) or 12 yards from the goal line, directly in-line with the centre of the goal. known less formally as the penalty box or simply box)

6. A goal kick is awarded to the defending team when the ball goes out of the field of play by crossing, either on the ground or in the air, the goal line, without a goal being scored, when the last person to touch the ball was from the attacking team. 7. A yellow card is used to caution players, However, if a player receives two yellow cards in one game, he gets an automatic red card.

8. A penalty kick (commonly known as a penalty or a PK) is a method of restarting play in association football, in which a player is allowed to take a single shot on the goal while it is defended only by the opposing team's goalkeeper.
10. and other sports with a goalkeeper, the goalie may be said to "keep a clean sheet" if they prevent their opponents from scoring during an entire match. Because soccer is a relatively low-scoring game, it is common for one team, or even both teams, to score no goals.
11. while a red card coult is the player's displayer's displ

11. while a red card results in the player's dismissal from the field of play.

12. a kick that puts a stationary ball into play from the center line of the field at the start of a quarter or after a goal has been scored.

14. term defined as the act of kicking the ball in a similar manner to a drop-kick, except a punt occurs before the ball hits the ground. The punter catches the ball and drops it towards their foot in order to kick it down the field to the other team.

16. Its dimensions and markings are defined by Law 1 of the Laws of the Game, "The Field of Play". All line markings on the pitch form part of the area which they define.