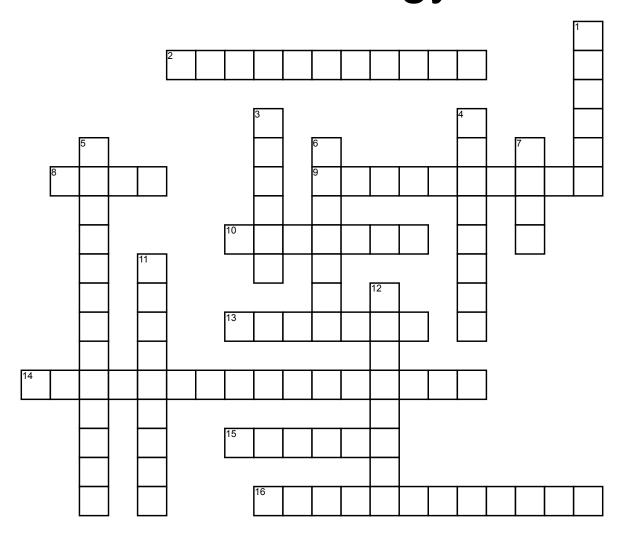
Name:	Date:

Archaeology



Across

- 2. The scientific study of past human cultures by analyzing things people have left behind.
- **8.** Network of uniformly spaced squares that divides a site into units; used to measure and record items found during an excavation or "dig".
- **9.** The systematic digging and recording of a site; also known as a "dig".
- **10.** Permanent places within a site like artifacts, these places are something made by people, but is also a place, such as roads, buildings, swimming pools, cemetaries, hearth, etc.
- **13.** A set of learned beliefs, values, and behaviors that show a way of life shared by members of a society.

- **14.** A general term for stone points that were crafted into darts, spears, or arrows; often erroneously termed "arrowheads".
- **15.** Many layers or levels of earth in an archaeological site
- **16.** The layering of deposits in archaeological sites. Cultural remains become buried over time, forming strata or layers.

Down

- **1.** An area used for garbage or trash disposal.
- **3.** A small tool used for digging and excavating with the purpose of scraping off only the tiniest layer of dirt at a time.
- **4.** The process of making a sharp blade by knocking off flakes around the edges of one rock by using another rock.

- **5.** Scientists who study past human cultures by analyzing what people have left behind.
- **6.** A small excavation unit dug to test the ground to look for other interesting buried artifacts.
- 7. Place where people once lived and objects remain or artifacts were left behind.
- **11.** Method of shaking the collected dirt through a screen to find tiny artifacts or midden.
- **12.** An object made and used by people who lived long ago; the objects(items) show a certain time period and culture of the people who used them.