Name:
Date: $\qquad$
Matter and its Properties


## Across

6. A measure of how much space an object takes up
7. the particular temperature for each substance at which it changes state from a solid to a liquid
8. A mixture of substances that are blended so completely that they mixure looks the same everywhere.
9. the force of gravity between earth and an object
10. A measure of the amount of matter in an object
11. A pure substance that cannot be broken down into any other substances
12. anything that has mass and takes up space 22. to pass heat through a material while the material stays in place
13. A physical combination of two or more substances that are blended together without forming new substances
14. a dense structrue inside the center of a cell
15. Any substance that is formed by the chemical combination of two or more elements and acts like a single substance
16. the particular temperature for each substance at which it changes state from a liquid to a gas
Down
17. a form of matter that takes up a definite amout of space but does not have a definite shape
18. a new substance produced by a chemical change
19. how something smells
20. A particle in the space outside the nucleus of an atom that carries one unit of negative charge
21. A particle in the nucleus of an atom that has one unit of positive electric charge
22. a change of matter in size, shape, or state without any change in identity
23. a change of matter that occurs when atoms ling together in a new way, creating a new substance different from the original substance
24. A particle that contains more than one atom joined together
25. a measure of how tightly packed the matter in an object is
26. A particle in the nucleus of an atome that has no electric charge.
27. to prevent heat from passing through
28. One of the three forms that matter can take: solid, liquid, gas
29. the measure of how long something is
30. the temperature at which a substance changes state from a liquid to a solid
31. an original substance at the beginning of a chemical reaction
32. The smallest unit of an element that retains the properties of that element
33. a form of matter that has a definite shape and and takes up a definite amount of space
34. a form of matter that does not take up a definite amount of space and has no definite shape
