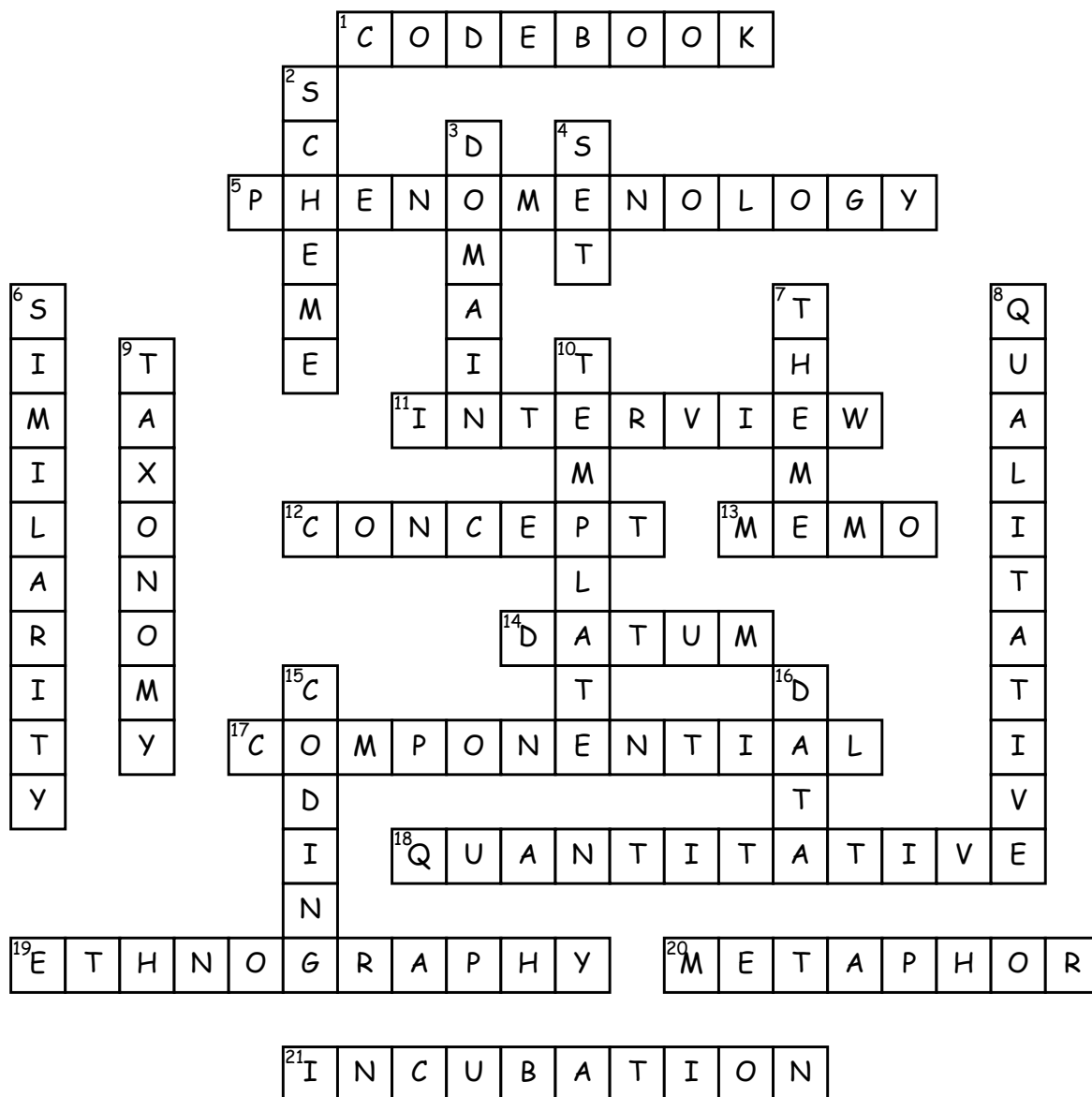


Qualitative Data Analysis



Across

1. Written documentation describing definitions of categories used to code data.

5. Research that focuses on the lived experience of humans.

11. Data collection method in which questions are asked of a respondent.

12. An abstraction inferred from observations of behavior.

13. Grounded theorists document an idea in an analytic _____.

14. A piece of information obtained in a study.

17. Type of data analysis examining relationships among terms in the domains using Spradley's method.

18. Type of findings that are easier to understand.

19. Focuses on the culture of a group of people.

20. A figurative comparison to evoke a visual analogy.

21. Process of living the data to understand meanings and draw insightful conclusions.

Down

2. Before analysis can begin, qualitative researchers have to develop a coding _____.

3. In ethnographies, a broad unit of cultural knowledge

4. All of a phenomenologist's transcribed interviews would comprise a qualitative data _____.

6. Principle involved in looking for units of information with similar meanings.

7. Recurring regularity emerging during analysis of qualitative data.

8. Type of analyses that is more difficult to do.

9. System of classifying and organizing terms.

10. A preliminary guide for sorting narrative data.

15. Process of identifying and indexing recurring themes within data.

16. In descriptive studies, qualitative _____ analysis is often described as a content analysis.