Name:	Date:	Period:	

Twelve Principles of Animation!

					¹ S		² A	R	С	S								
	³ S				Е	'												
	Q				С					⁴ A						⁵ S		
	U		⁶ S	L	0	W	I	N	Α	N	D	S	L	0	W	0	U	Т
	Α				N					Т						L		
	S				D					I			⁷ F			I		
	Н				Α			⁸ P		С			0			D		⁹ S
	Α				R			0		I			L			D		Т
	N				Υ			S		Р			L			R		R
	D		¹⁰ E	Χ	Α	G	G	Ε	R	Α	Т	I	0	N		Α		Α
	S				С			Т		Т			W			W		I
	Т				Т			0		I			¹¹ T	I	М	I	N	G
	R				I			Р		0			Н			N		Н
	Е				0			0		N			R			G		Т
¹² S	Т	Α	G	I	N	G		S					0				•	Α
	С		•		S			Е					U					Н
	Н												G					Е
'		-				¹³ A	Р	Р	E	Α	L		Н					Α
					'									-				D

Across

- **2.** The basis for almost all natural motion; created using a spline curve.
- **6.** Also known as ease in and ease out.
- **10.** Used to increase the readability of emotions and actions.
- **11.** Amount of frames between poses.
- **12.** The clear presentation of an idea.

13. Animated characters need to have a unique personality and have a wide range of emotions.

Down

- 1. Minor actions that occur due to a major action.
- **3.** Living flesh distorts during motion. Exaggerated deformations will emphasize motion and impact.
- **4.** Animation can occur before an action.

- **5.** To get maximum feeling from the audience, animated characters must be drawn or modeled precisely.
- 7. The action that follows the main action; actions do not stop at the same time.
- **8.** Creating strong posed (keyframes) first and adding the in- between frames later.
- **9.** Drawing the frames in sequence.