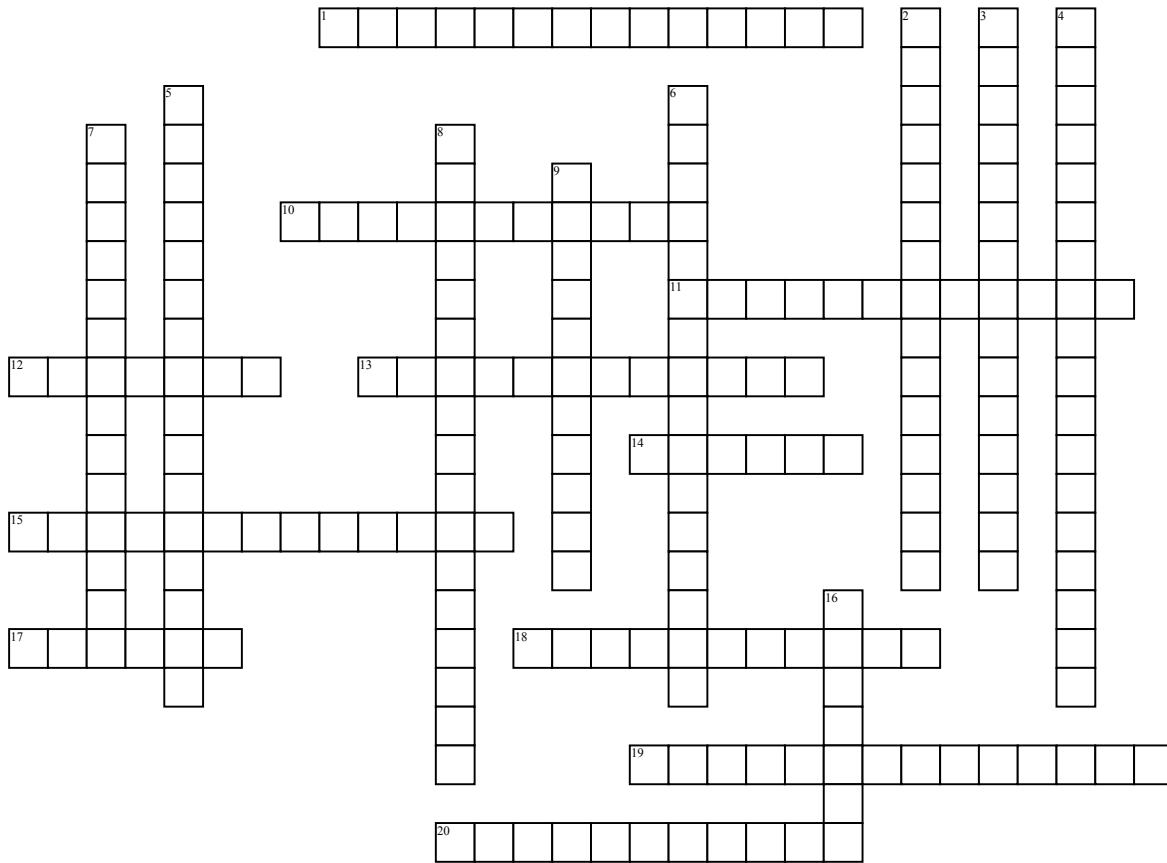


AP HuG definitions



Across

1. A state whose shape is like a compact state but there is an elongated attachment. Ex. Thailand

10. A state that encompasses a very small land area. Ex. Monaco, UN

11. Distinctive from the center to any boundary doesn't vary significantly. Ex. Poland

12. A portion of a country separated from the central part and constituting an enclave is respect to surrounding territory. Ex. Alaska

13. Belief in the benefits of profitable trading. Ex.

14. A country or area under full political control of an other of another country. Ex. 13 colonies.

15. Process by which a state breaks down through conflict among its ethnicities. Ex.

17. A large aggregate of people united by common descent, history, culture, or language, inhabiting a particular territory or country. Ex.

18. Ability of a state to govern its territory free from control of its internal affairs.

19. A state with a long and narrow shape. Ex. Norway

20. Small neutral country, situated between two larger hostile countries, to prevent an outbreak of regional conflict. Ex. Georgia

Down

2. A state that has several discontinued pieces of territory. Ex. Japan

3. A state that completely surrounds another territory or state. Ex. South Africa

4. A state that contains two or more ethnic groups with traditions of self-determination that agree to coexist peacefully by recognizing each other's instinct nationalities. Ex. Soviet Union

5. A group of people with a shared ethnic or linguistic culture that resides in multiple states. Ex. U. S.

6. A natural landform that is used as a political boundary. Ex. Mississippi River

7. Any episode of sustained violent conflict in which national, ethnic, and religions or communal minorities challenges government. Ex.

8. A boundary formed by arcs or straight lines irrespective of the physical and cultural features of the land. Ex. Canada and the U. S.

9. A state whose territory corresponds with that occupied by a particular ethnicity that has been transformed into a nationality. Ex. Serbia

16. A district territorial, cultural, or social unit enclosed within or as if within foreign territory. Ex. Vatican City