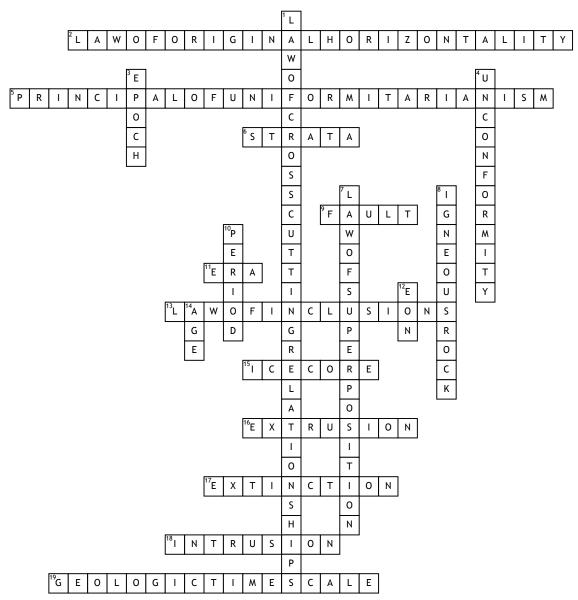
Name:	Date:

## geologic time



## **Across**

- 2. States that sedimentary rock layers are laid down in horizontal layers and so if they are tilted something has disturbed it
- **5.** Earth processes occurring today are similar to those that occurred in the past.
- **6.** term that refers to layers of sedimentary rock
- **9.** a break in earths crust where movement has occurred
- 11. Is subdivision of an eon on the geologic time scale
- 13. A principle that states that an inclusion must be older than the rock it is enclosed in
- **15.** a drill core of ice that can help tell the climates of the past

- **16.** and igneous rock layer formed when lava flows onto earths surface and hardens
- **17.** A term that typically describes a species that no longer has any known living individuals
- **18.** an igneous rock layer formed when magma hardens beneath earths surface **19.** A system of chronological dating that relates to geological strata to time
- 1. A principle that states that an igneous rock, fart, or other geologic feature must be younger than any rock which it cuts
- 3. A subdivision of geologic time that is longer than an age but shorter than a period

- **4.** A place where an old, eroded rock surface is in contact with a new were rock layer
- 7. Geologic principle that states and horizontal layers of sedimentary rock, each layer is older than the layer above it and younger than the layer below it
- **8.** A type of rock that forms from the cooling of molten rock at or below the surface
- **10.** A subdivision of an era on the geologic time scale
- **12.** The largest division of geologic time
- **14.** The smallest subdivision of geologic time