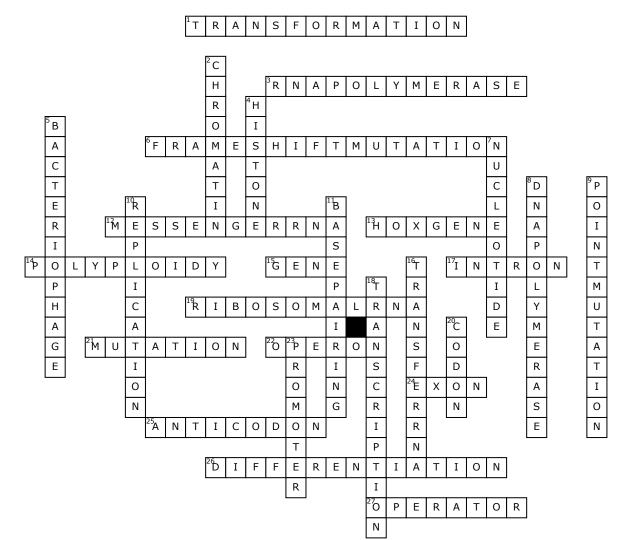
## chapter 12 biology



## **Across**

- **1.** 1 strand of bacteria is changed by a gene
- **3.** binds to dna and separates strands during transcriptions
- **6.** mutation that shifts the reading frame
- **12.** carries copies if instructions
- **13.** controls the differentiation of cells and tissue
- **14.** extra set of chromosomes
- **15.** sequence of dna with proteins and traits
- **17.** not involved in coding for proteins

19. helps assemble proteins

S

A T

**21.** change in the dna sequence

Α

- 22. genes operating together
- 24. codes for proteins
- **25.** trna molecule that are complimentary to a mrna codon
- **26.** cells become specialized
- 27. operon is turned off
- **28.** decoding of mrna into a chain

## Down

- **2.** dna coiled in around proteins
- 4. dna coiled in the chromatin
- 5. virus that infects bacteria

- 7. monomer of nucleic acids
- **8.** enzyme involved in replication
- **9.** changes in 1 or few nucleotides
- 10. cell duplicates its dna
- **11.** A=T and G=C
- 16. transfers amino acids
- **18.** dna copied into a rna sequence
- **20.** 3 nucleotide sequence on messenger rna
- **23.** dna enzyme binds to make rna