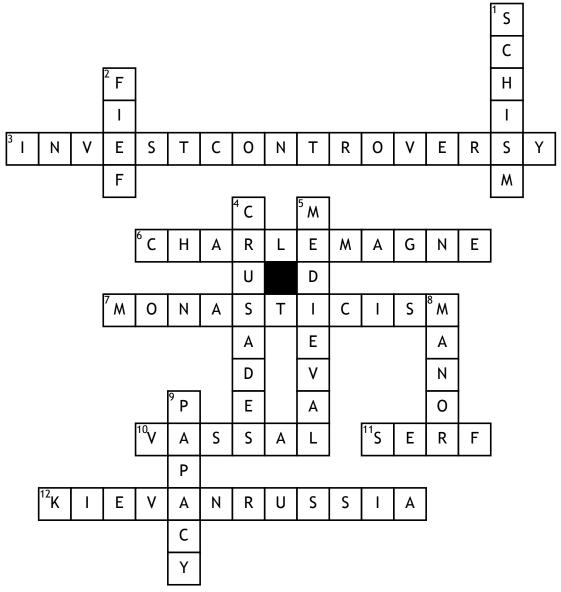
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## Chapter 9 Vocabulary



## **Across**

- **3.** Dispute between the popes and the Holy Roman emperors over who held ultimate authority over bishops and imperial lands.
- **6.** King of the Franks (r.761-814); emperor (800-814). Established Carolingian Empire.
- 7. Living in a religious community apart from secular society and adhering to a rule stipulating chastity, obedience, and poverty.
- **10.** In medieval Europe, a sworn supporter of a king or lord committed to rendering specified military service to that king or lord.

- 11. In medieval Europe, and agricultural laborer legally bound to a lord's property and obligated to perform set services for the lord.
- 12. State established at Kiev in Ukraine ca. 882 by scandinavian adventurers asserting authority over a mostly salvic farming population

## Down

- **1.** A formal split within a religious community.
- **2.** In medieval Europe, land granted in return for a swarn oath to provide specified military service.

- **4.** (1095-1204) Armed pilgrimage to the Holy land by Christians determined to recover Jerusalem from Muslim rule.
- **5.** Literally "middle age," a term that historians of Europe use for the period ca. 500 to ca.1500, signifying its intermediate point between Greco-Roman antiquity and the Renaissance.
- **8.** In medieval Europe, a large, self-sufficient landholding consisting of the lord's residence (manor house), outbuildings, peasant village, and surrounding land.
- **9.** The central administration of the Roman Catholic Church, of which the pope is the head.