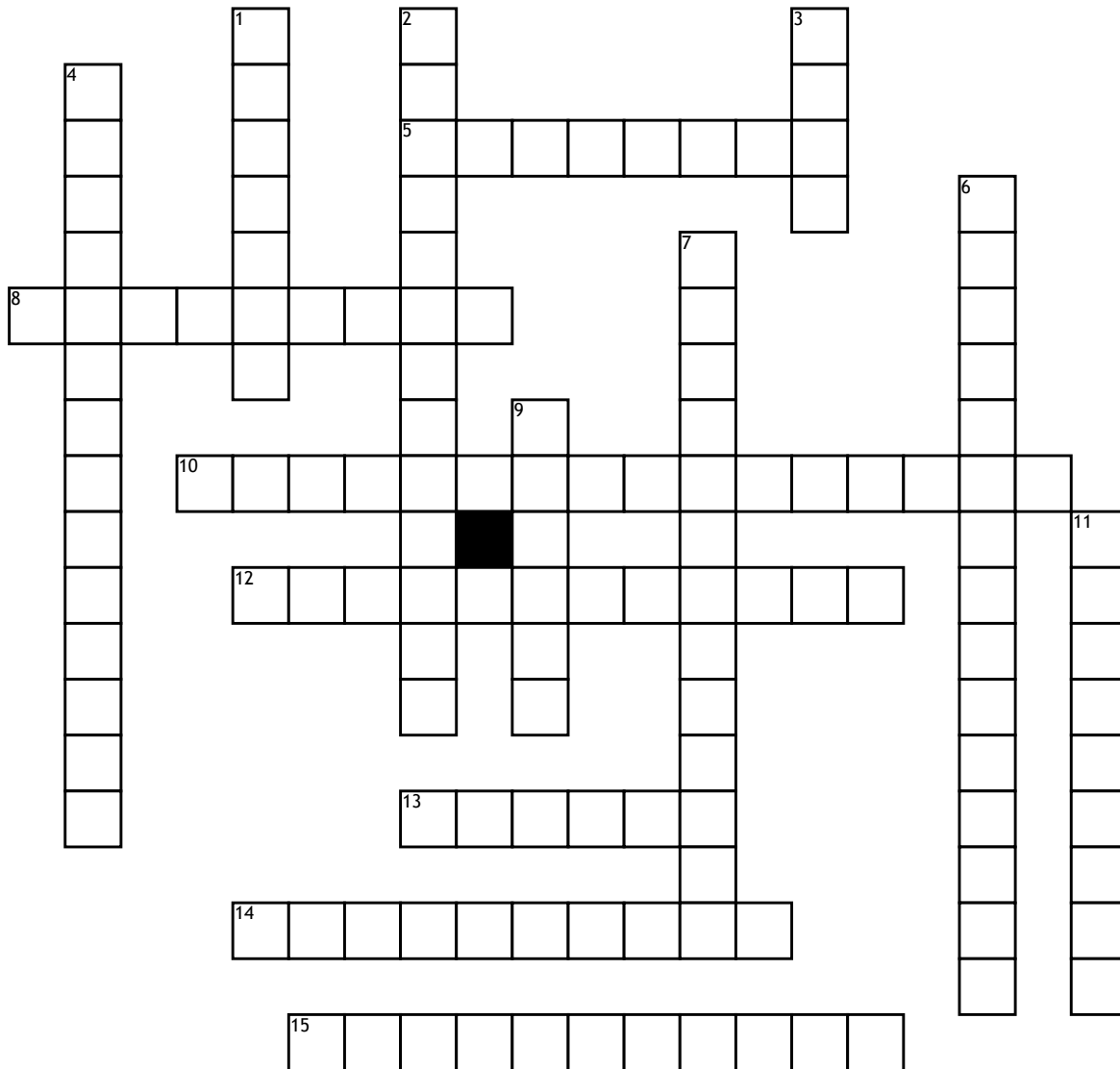


Chapter 7 Race and Ethnic Relations



Across

5. Some Americans whose ancestral home is Mexico, Central America, South America, or the Caribbean refer to themselves as

8. An irrational attitude towards certain people based solely on their membership in a particular group.

10. A situation in which there are two groups of workers willing to do the same work, but for different wages.

12. The process by which a racial or ethnic minority loses its distinctive identity and way of life and becomes absorbed into the dominant group.

13. Another term for Americans whose ancestral home is Mexico, Central America, South America, or the Caribbean

14. Rigid and oversimplified images in which each element or person in a category is assumed to possess all the characteristics associated with that category.

15. A group of people who share a common historical and cultural heritage and sense of group identity and belonging.

Down

1. A group that we feel positively toward, that we identify with, and that produces a "we feeling".

2. The tendency to view one's own culture or subculture as the best and to judge other cultures or subcultures in comparison to it.

3. A group of people who are believed to be a biological group sharing genetically transmitted traits that are defined as important.

4. The unequal treatment of people because they are members of a particular group.

6. The group with the deepest roots in American soil

7. A group whose members share distinct physical or cultural characteristics; are denied access to power and resources available to other groups; and are accorded fewer rights, privileges, and opportunities.

9. The view that certain racial or ethnic groups are biologically inferior and that practices involving their domination and exploitation are therefore justified.

11. A situation in which a number of racial and ethnic groups live side by side, each retaining a distinct identity and lifestyle while still participating in some aspects of the larger culture.