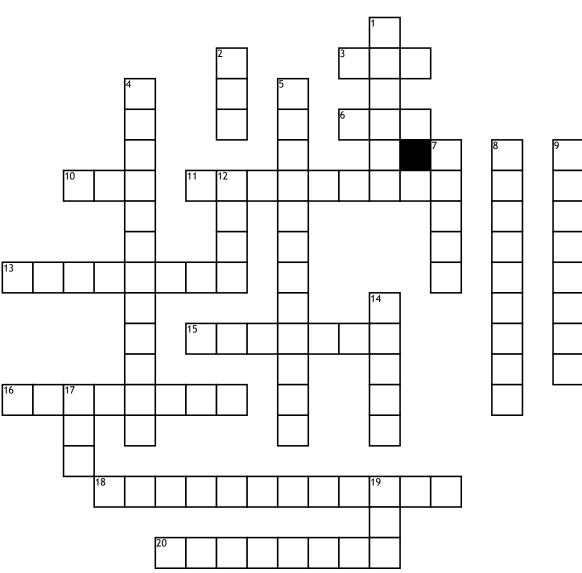
Leukemia



<u>Across</u>

3. Middle age, splenomegaly,
asymptomatic, predominantlytype
20. PAasymptomatic, predominantly
mature basophils/metamyelocytesDown
1. Cel
smear6. Marker indicative of ALL
10. Elderly, B-cell neoplasm,
asymptomatic1. Cel
smear10. Elderly, B-cell neoplasm,
asymptomatic2. Cor
4. Nar
CML (H
5. How
diagned13. Unregulated WBC growth in
bone marrow5. How
diagned15. Typically asymptomatic, pt
found to have significantly
elevated WBC (acute vs chronic)7. Loc
leuker
associ16. Tyrosine Kinase inhibitor;
Treats CML9. Lon

18. Treatment for AML-non M3 type

20. PMN predominant <u>Down</u>

1. Cells found on peripheral smear in CLL

 Common presentation of AML
 Name of new chromosome in CML (hint: Liberty bell)

5. How one confirms leukemia diagnosis

7. Location of tumor burden in leukemia

8. Chromosomal abnormality associated with ALL

9. Lymphocyte predominant

12. Treatment for AML M3 type
14. Symptomatic with signs of pancytopenia: fatigue, pallor(anemia); bleeding gums, petechia (thrombocytopenia); recurrent infections, fever (low mature WBCs) (acute vs chronic)
17. Pediatrics, LAD, fatigue, bleeding, bone pain
19. Mid-older age, predominantly immature myeloblasts, h/o alkylating chemo, radiation exposure