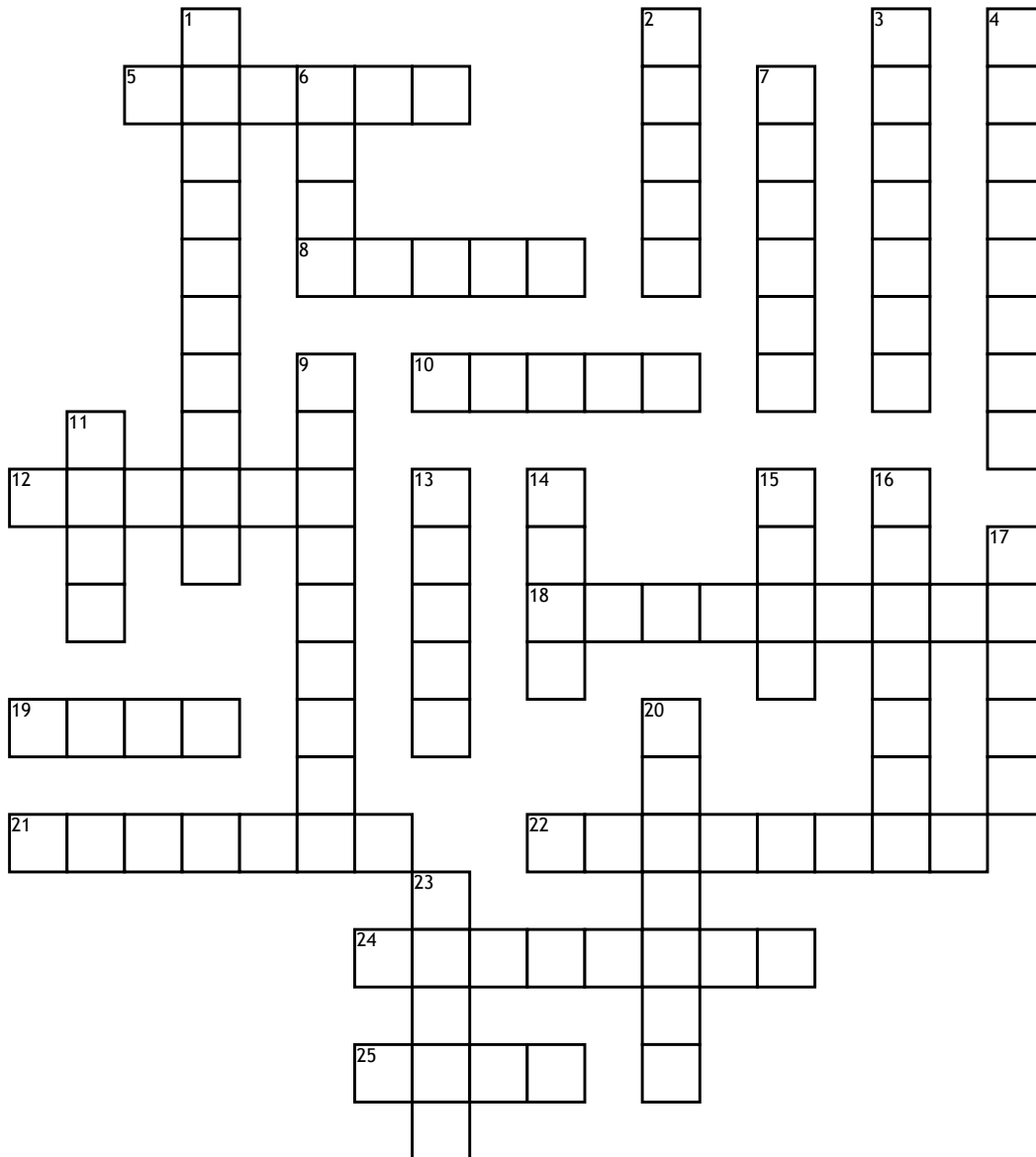


Chapter 3



Across

5. A small depression that forms when a chunk of ice is left in glacial till.
8. A wind-formed deposit made of fine particles of clay and silt.
10. Wave-washed sediment along a coast.
12. Water that flows over the ground surface rather than soaking into the ground.
18. ____drift. the movement of water and sediment down a beach caused by waves coming into shore at an angle.
19. A beach formed by longshore drift that projects like a finger out into the water.
21. A ridge formed by the till deposited at the edge of a glacier.
22. A part of the shore that sticks out into the ocean.

24. The process by which a glacier picks up rocks as it flows over the land.

25. The amount of sediment that a river carries.

Down

1. Process in which sediment is laid down in new locations.
2. A large channel in soil formed by erosion.
3. A looplike bend in the course of a river.
4. ____ fan. A wide sloping deposit of sediment formed where a stream leaves a mountain range.
6. The sediments deposited directly by a glacier.
7. A channel through which water is continually flowing downhill.
9. Wind erosion that removes surface soil.

11. Sand _____. A deposit of wind-blown sand.

13. ____lake. A meander cut off from a river

14. A tiny groove in soil made by flowing water.

15. ____movement. Any one of several processes by which gravity moves sediment downhill.

16. The process by which water, ice, wind, or gravity moves weathered rock or soil.

17. A landform made of sediment that is deposited where a river flows into an ocean or lake.

20. A large mass of moving ice and snow on land.

23. ____plain. Wide valley through which a river flows.