Across
1. World War 1 military strategy of defending a position by fighting from the protection of deep ditches.
6. Teams of troops, ships, or equipment.
9. A person who tries to stir up war
11. President during WW1
14. Idea about how nations should work together.
18. They used intimidation and fear towards blacks, Catholics, and Jews
20. The U.S had less than 100 of them in WW1.
22. 11, 11, 11, 1918 (11 day of the 11 month of the 11 hour 1918)
25. Country pays for damage caused by war.
26. Law that requires people of a certain age to enlist in the military
30. A ship that was sunk in World War 1 by German U-boats.
31. The belief or desire of a government or people that a country should maintain a strong military capability and be prepared to use it aggressively to defend or promote national interest.
32. System of managing government through departments.
33. They do not believe in government.
34. States Germany alone must accept responsibility for causing the war
35. A formal agreement between two or more nations or powers to cooperate and come to another's defense.
36. German Submarines.
37. To give up power.
38. U.S bonds sold during WW1 to raise money for loans to the Allies
39. A 1917 telegram sent from Germany's foreign secretary to the German minister in Mexico telling the minister to urge Mexico to attack the U.S if the U.S declared war on Germany.
40. Most famous WW1 treaty

Down
2. Information given to show something or someone in a based way.
3. The heir to the throne of Austria-Hungary
4. Tax on your average income to support the war.
5. The name given to the line of trenches which stretched from the English Channel across the battlefields of France and Belgium during WW1.
7. A covering for a soldier's head
8. Association of nations formed after WW1 under Wilson's 14 points plan.
10. A military conflict centered on Europe that began in the summer of 1914. The fighting ended in late 1918.
12. The military alliance formed between Russia, Great Britain, and France before World War 1.
13. A union or association between three powers or states.
15. 1917 act gave the government new ways to spy.
16. The gathering of resources and preparation for war.
17. Strip of land between the trenches of opposing armies along the western front during WW1
19. German emperor
21. Leaders of Britain, France, the U.S, and Italy after WW1.
24. Patriotic feeling, principles, or efforts.
27. Russian Emperors
28. Unable to read or write
29. A rapid firing weapon