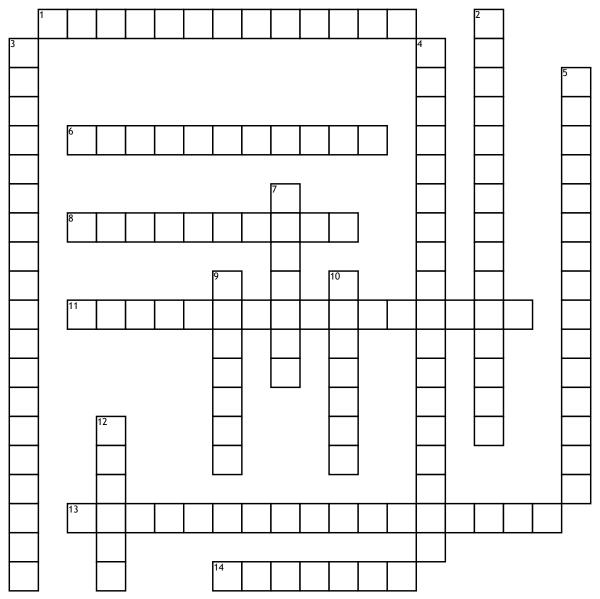
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## Religion chapter 3 vocabulary



## **Across**

- A type of literary criticism used by scripture scholars that analyzes and compares different \_ used in the Gosples.
- **6.** The authors of the four Gosples of the New
- Testament-Mattew, Mark, Luke, and John and disciples closely associated associated
- **8.** A heresy from the first Christian centuries that taught that Jesus shared secret information or knowledge with only a few people who were guaranteed salvation, It from ghosis, the Greek word for "knowledge"
- 11. Scripture study that looks to the various early manuscripts of the biblical text.

- 13. A groupe of writings about the life and teachings of Jesus that do not meet church criteria for inclusion in the New Testament canon. The term apocryphal means "hidden"
- **14.** A form of preaching used in the early Church that presumed an audience of unbelievablevers.

## <u>Down</u>

- 2. The Gosples of Matthew, Mark, and Luke that have so many content in common that they are often studied side by side. The word comes from the Greek word for "to see together."
- **3.** An approach to scripture analysis that tries to discover what evangelists really wanted to say when they wrote a particular text.

- **4.** A scholarly approach to the study of scripture that attempts to see how each of the Gospel wrighters edited, or relocated materials for that Gospels audience.
- **5.** The study by scripture scholars to determine what sources the Gospel writers use to compose their works
- 7. A word that means "teaching" that described oral teachings to those who had already accepted Jesus.
- **9.** A Greek word that means witness referring to those who were put to death because of their religious beliefs.
- **10.** The public worship and communal worship of the church.
- **12.** The "good news", the story of the coming of the savior, Jesus Christ, and the inauguration of Gods Kingdom