Across
5. Mixtures of fluids form the prostate and bulbourethral glands, and seminal vesicles
8. Mature ovocyte that has been released by an ovary during ovulation
9. Final phase of the menstrual cycle
11. Gland that lies just beneath the bladder and prevents the flow of urine during ejaculation
14. Paired glands in the scrotum that possess both endocrine and exocrine functions
15. Series of hormonal events that begins during puberty, occurs approximately every 28 days, and ends during menopause
18. Thick, milky white substance composed of sperm and seminal fluid
19. Lower, narrow region of the uterus that opens into the vagina
20. Cells within the testes that produce testosterone
21. Divided pouch that surrounds the testes and supports sperm production and survival by regulating their temperature
23. Flattened organ in the pregnant uterus that nourishes the developing fetus
24. Periodic discharge of the endometrial lining from the nonpregnant uterus

Down
1. Tubes that serve as passageways for ova as they travel from the ovaries toward the uterus
2. Hollow pear-shaped organ that receives the fertilized ovum and from which menses flows if pregnancy does not occur
3. Short tube that passes through the prostate to join the urethra
4. Process by which male sex cells and female sex cells unite to create a new organism
6. First phase of the menstrual cycle
7. Canal that extends from the cervix to outside of the body
10. Tube that connects the epididymis to the ejaculatory duct
12. Sex cells that carry genetic information from the male that produced them
13. Sex cells that carry genetic information from the woman who produced them
16. Tightly coiled comma-shaped tube that lies behind and on top of each testicle
17. Paired glands located lateral to the uterus that possess both endocrine and exocrine functions
22. Tube located below the bladder that transports both semen and urine