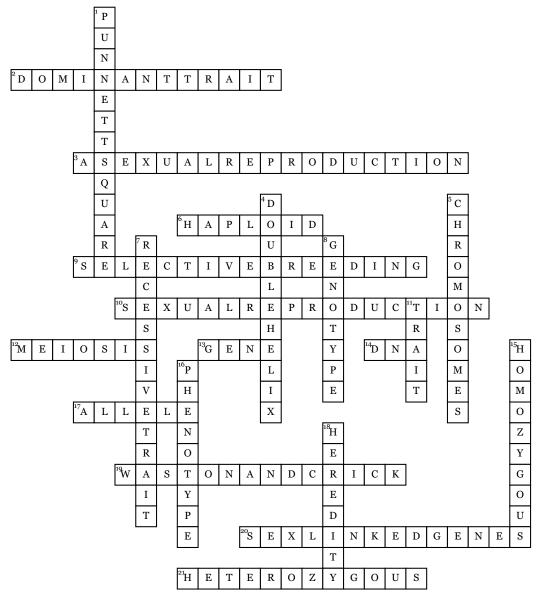
Genetic Terms



Across

- **2.** An inherited trait that results from the expression of the dominant allele over the recessive allele
- **3.** The reproductive process that involves only one parent and produces offspring identical to the parent.(cloning)
- **6.** A cell with half of the normal chromosomes
- **9.** The process by which humans use animals breeding and plant breeding to selectively develop particular phenotype traits
- 10. The production of new living organisms by combining genetic information from two individuals of different sexes
- **12.** A type of cell division that results in four daughter cells each with half the number of chromosomes of the parent cell, as in the production of gametes and plant spores
- **13.** The set of information that controls a trait, a segment of DNA on a chromosome

- **14.** Deoxyribonucleic acid is a molecule that carries most of the genetic instructions used in the development, functioning and reproduction of all know living organisms and many viruses
- 17. Different forms of a gene
- **19.** The two twentieth-century biologists who discovered the double helix of DNA
- **20.** Is the phenotypic expression of an allele related to the sex chromosome of the individual
- 21. Having two different alleles for a trait
- 1. A tool to show all possible allelic combinations of gametes in a cross of parents with known genotypes in order to predict the probability of their offspring possessing certain sets of alleles
- **4.** A pair of parallel helices intertwined about a common axis, especially that in the structure of the DNA molecule

- **5.** A threadlike structure of nucleic acids and protein found in the nucleus of most living cells, carrying genetic information in the form of genes
- **7.** A genetic trait that results from the expression of the two recessive alleles
- **8.** The genetic constitution of an individual organism
- 11. A genetically determined characteristic
- 15. Having two identical alleles for a trait
- **16.** The set of observable characteristics of an individual resulting from the interaction of its genotype with the environment
- 18. A genetically determined characteristic