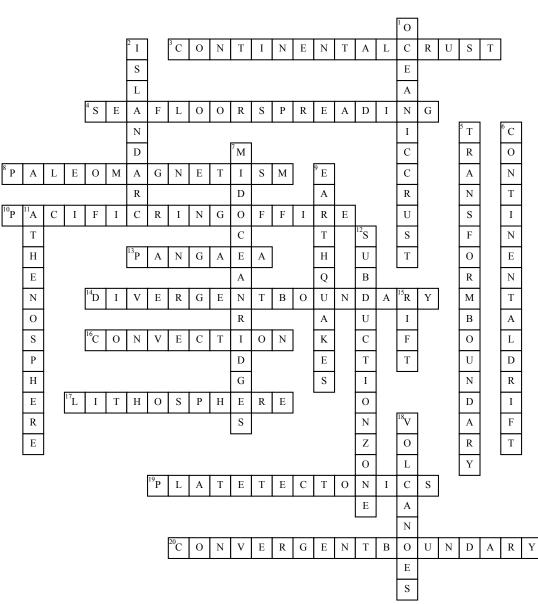
# **Plate Tectonics**



## **Across**

3. thickest beneath high mountain ranges

4. new oceanic lithosphere [sea floor] form as magma rises to earth's surface and solidifies at mid-ocean ridges

**8.** the studyof the alignment of magnetic minerals in rock

**10.** zone of active volcanoes that encircles the pacific ocean

13. "supercontinent"

14. moving apart

16. movement of matter due to different in density that are caused by temp.

**17.** solid, outer layer of earth that consists of crust and the rigid upper part of the mantle.

**19.** the lithosphere of the earth is divided into a small number of plates which float on and travel independently over the mantle and much of the earth's seismic activity occurs at the boundaries of these plates.

#### **20.** moving together

### Down

- 1. the crust beneath the ocean
- **2.** chain of volcanic island
- 5. sliding past eachother
- 6. states that the continents once formed a single landmass

7. a long, undersea mountain chain thathas steep, narrow valleyat its center 9. trembling of the ground that is caused by a sudden release of energy when rocks along a fault move

11. solid, plastic layer of the mantle beneath the lithosphere made of mantle rock that flows very slowly

**12.** region along a plate boundary where one plates move under another plate

#### 15. a crack

18. fissure in the earth's surface through which magma and gases are expelled