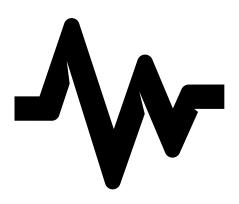
Earthquake Terms

	¹ E	Р	I	С	E	N	Т	E	R		² C			
								•	-	•	0			³ R
⁴ S	⁵ C						⁶ S		⁷ C		N			I
E	0			⁸ E			E		R		V			С
I	N		⁹ M	А	G	N	I	Т	U	D	E			Н
S	Т			R			S		S		С			Т
М	I		¹⁰ T	Т	¹¹ T		М		Т		Т		¹² F	E
I	N		R	Н	E		0			_	I		A	R
С	E		E	Q	С		G			¹³ F	0	С	U	S
M	N		М	U	Т		R		¹⁴ M		N		L	С
А	Т		0	А	0		А		А				Т	А
V	А		R	K	N		Р		N			'		L
E	L			E	I		Н		Т					E
		-			С			¹⁵ P	L	А	Т	E	S	
					S				E					-



<u>Across</u>

- 1. The point on the earth's surface vertically above the focus of an earthquake.
- **9.** Total energy released by an earthquake
- 13. The point of origin of an earthquake.
- 15. Each of the several rigid pieces of the earth's lithosphere which together make up the earth's surface.

Down

2. The movement caused within a fluid by the tendency of hotter and therefore less dense material to rise

- 3. A numerical scale for expressing the magnitude of an earthquake
- 4. An elastic wave in of movements wit the earth produced by an earth's crust or earthquake or other volcanic action.

 means.

 10. A discrete so
- 5. Forming or belonging to a continent
- **6.** An instrument that measures and records details of earthquakes, such as force and duration.
- 7. The outermost layer of rock of which a planet consists, especially the part of the earth above the mantle

- 8. A sudden violent shaking of the ground, typically causing great destruction, as a result of movements within the earth's crust or volcanic action.
- 10. A discrete small movement following or preceding a major seismic event
- 11. Large-scale processes affecting the structure of the earth's crust
- 12. An extended break in a rock formation
- 14. The region of the earth's interior between the crust and the core