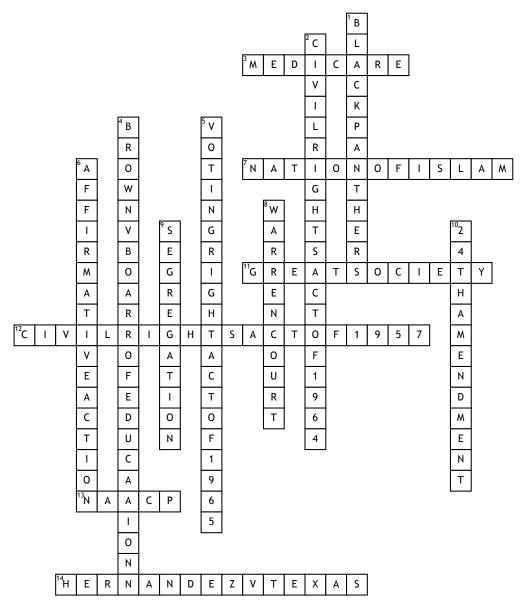
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## civil rights and reform in the 1960s



## **Across**

- 3. health insurance program, administered by the Social Security Administration, that provides health care for the aged
- 7. an African American political and religious movement
- 11. had several goals, including clean air and water, expanded educational opportunities, and the lessening of poverty and disease in the United States 12. primarily a voting rights bill, was the first federal civil rights legislation passed by the United States Congress 13. civil rights organization founded in 1909 to fight prejudice, lynching, and Jim Crow segregation, and to work for the betterment of "people of color"
- 14. the first and only Mexican-American civil-rights case heard and decided by the United States Supreme Court during the post-World War II period

## <u>Down</u>

- 1. a member of a militant political organization set up in the US in 1966 to fight for black rights.
- 2. A federal law that authorized federal action against segregation in public accommodations, public facilities, and employment.
- 4. landmark United States Supreme Court case in which the Court declared state laws establishing separate public schools for black and white students to be unconstitutional.
- **5.** eliminated various devices, such as literacy tests, that had traditionally been used to restrict voting by black people
- **6.** an action or policy favoring those who tend to suffer from discrimination, especially in relation to employment or education; positive discrimination
- 8. he period from 1953 to 1969 when Earl Warren served as chief justice of the U.S. Supreme Court
- **9.** separation or isolation of a race, class, or ethnic group
- **10.** Constitution of the United States of America abolished the poll tax for all federal elections