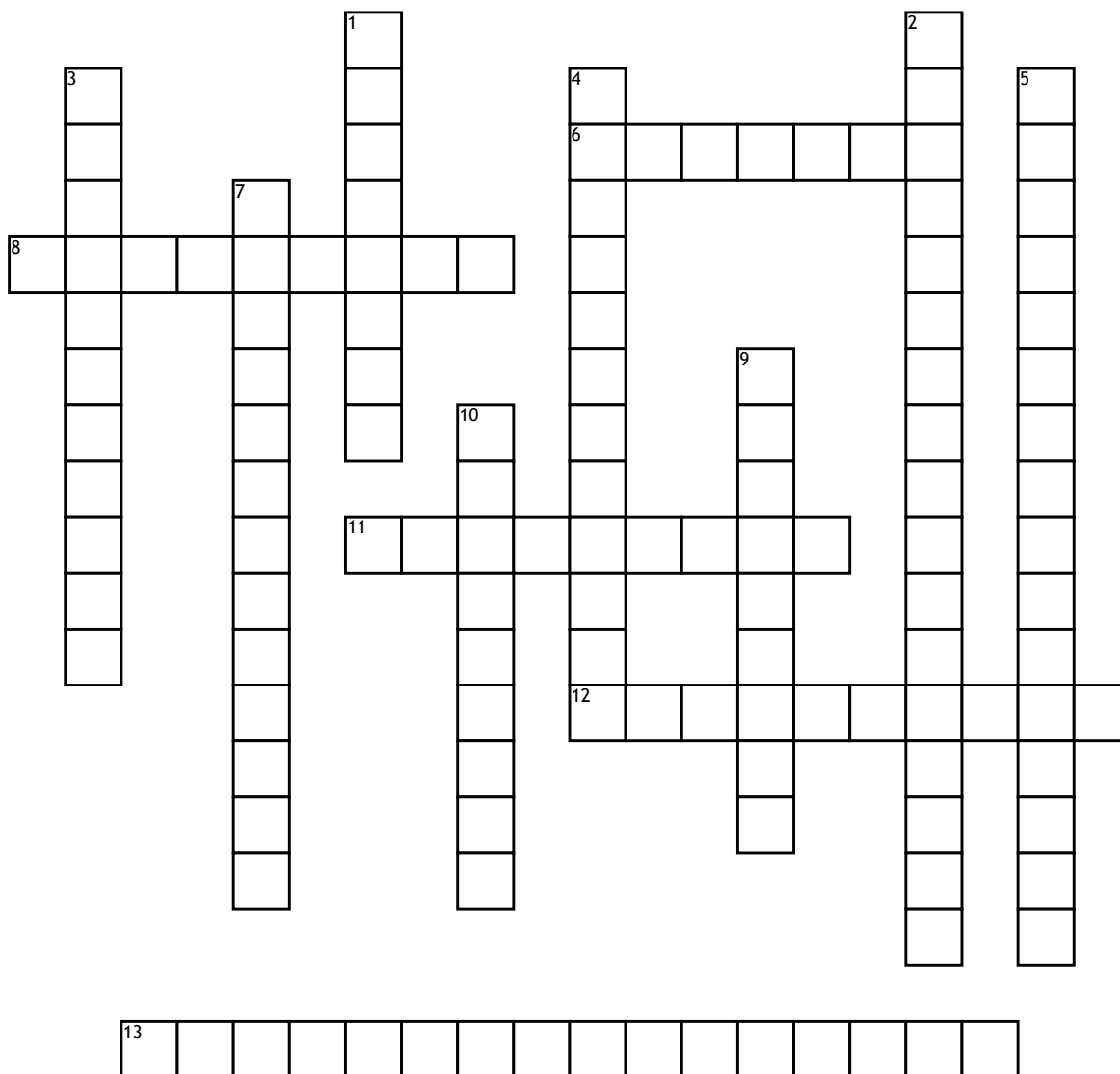


# Conservatism - core concepts



## Across

6. Society is made up of self-interested and self-sufficient individuals.

8. The idea that people in higher positions in society are best able to make decisions in the interests of the whole society. It comes from above.

11. The Conservative belief that society is naturally organised in fixed tiers, where one's position is not based on individual ability.

12. The idea that knowledge comes from real experience and not abstract theories.

13. The idea that society should adapt to changing circumstances rather than reject change outright and risk rebellion

## Down

1. Conservatism that emerged in the 1970s as the main rival to One Nation conservatism.

2. The idea that society of unpredictable and that humans lack the mental faculties to make sense of a complex modern world.

3. This conservative thinker developed the ideas of change to conserve and respect for empiricism.

4. A preference towards minimal government intervention in business and the state.

5. This conservative thinker stressed the concepts of human imperfection and pragmatism.

7. The duty of the wealthy and privileged to look after those less fortunate.

9. This term reflects support for the status quo, little or no change, stressing the need for order, stability and hierarchy.

10. A paternalistic approach adopted by the Conservatives under the leadership of Benjamin Disraeli and most recently Theresa May, that the rich have an obligation to help the poor.