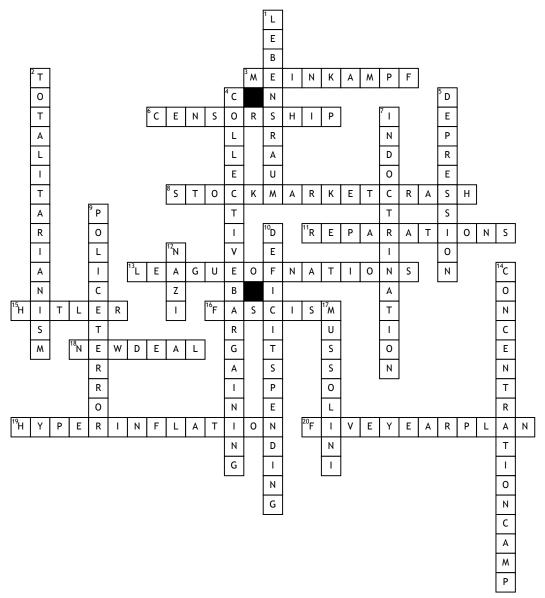
Name:	Date:

Unit Review - Depression and Totalitarian Gov't



Across

- **3.** My Struggle; book written by Hitler outlining his plans to take over Germany and expand its borders
- **6.** One of the four control methods in a totalitarian state where the gov't controls the information that the public hears
- **8.** This event signified the beginning of the Great Depression
- **11.** Payments for costs of war; Germany was forced to pay these
- **13.** International peacekeeping body created after WWI
- **15.** Totalitarian dictator who came to power in Germany in the 1930s
- **16.** A political philosophy that glorifies the state above the individual by emphasizing the need for a strong central gov't

- **18.** FDR's plan to help the US out of the Great Depression
- 19. Germany experienced this with its economy after WWI
- **20.** Plan in Soviet Union to increase the production of military and agricultural goods

Down

- 1. Living space in German
- 2. Gov't style where the leader, a dictator, has total control over the political, economic, social, cultural and intellectual lives of their citizens
- **4.** Right of unions to negotiate hours and wages
- **5.** A period of low economic activity and rising unemployment

- 7. One of the four control methods where the gov't controls what is taught to the nation's youth to support gov't ideology
- **9.** One of the four control methods in a totalitarian state where the police do not protect the citizens but instead use terror and force to control the population
- 10. When a gov't spends more money than it takes in
- National Socialist German Workers' Party
- **14.** A camp where prisoners of war, political prisoners, or members of minority groups are confined, typically under harsh conditions
- 17. Fascist leader in Italy