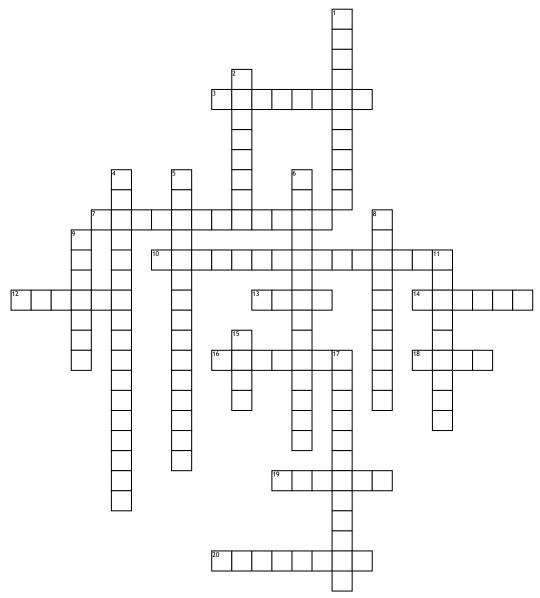
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## Chapter 4 Birds and Mammals Vocabulary



## **Across**

- **3.** An organ in pregnant mammals that passes materials between the mother and the developing embryo.
- **7.** Milk producing organs in a mother's body.
- **10.** The length of time between fertilization and birth.
- **12.** A type of flight that doesn't use lift, where the bird pulls its wings in close to its body.
- **13.** An endothermic vertebrates that has feathers, a four chambered heart, and lays eggs.
- **14.** An endothermic vertebrate that has a four chambered heart, skin covered with hair/fur, and is fed with milk.
- **16.** Thick walled muscular part of the stomach that squeezes and grinds food. Where the "teeth" are located in a bird.

- **18.** A bird's internal storage tank for storing food inside the body after swallowing it.
- **19.** Broad, flat upper surfaces for grinding and shredding food.
- **20.** Flat-edged teeth used to bite off and cut food.

## Down

- **1.** Egg-laying mammal that drinks milk from pores on the mother's skin.
- **2.** A type of bird flight that requires a lot of energy.
- **4.** A type of bird flight that uses little wing movement, and rising/falling currents of warm air to direct flight.
- **5.** A mammal that develops inside its mother's body until its body systems can function on their own.

- **6.** Feather that gives shape to a bird's body.
- **8.** Mammals whose young are born at an early stage of development, and continue to develop in a pouch on the mother's body.
- **9.** Pointed teeth that stab food and tear into it.
- 11. A large muscle located at the bottom of the ribs that allows mammals to breathe in and out.
- **15.** The upward force that results from the difference in air pressure above and below a bird's wings.
- **17.** Short, fluffy feathers that are specialized to trap heat.