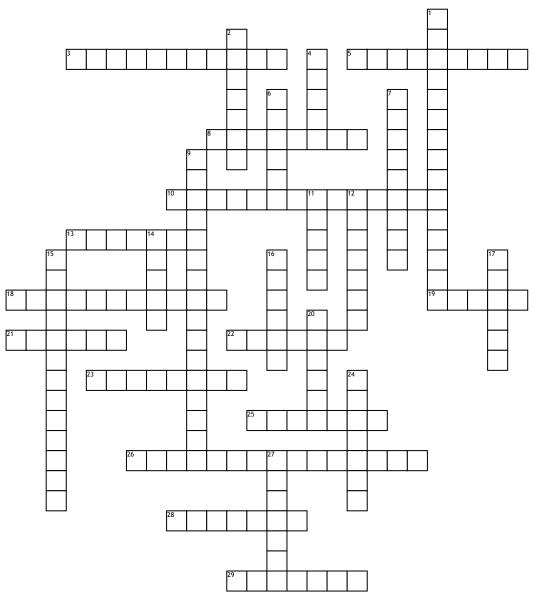
Sexual reproduction in flowering plants (39)



Across

- **3.** The transfer of pollen from the anther to a stigma of a flower from the same species.
- 5. A seed leaf
- 8. the stalk part of the stamen.
- **10.** seed that has no endosperm when fully formed
- **13.** Haploid (contain half the number of chromosomes) cells capable of fusion.
- **18.** Start of (re)growth of the embryo in a seed [after dormancy period _ if conditions are suitable]
- 19. Becomes the fruit after fertilisation
- 21. Where the pollen lands
- **22.** the part of the stamen that produces pollen.
- 23. Resting period when seeds have low metabolic rate and no growth occurs [even though conditions for growth may be present]
- **25.** cell that has one set of chromosomes (1/2 the total #)

- **26.** seed that contains some endosperm when fully formed
- **28.** Form of nuclear cell division resulting in two diploid daughter cells identical to parent.
- **29.** reproduction that involves only one parent produces identical offspring.

<u>Down</u>

- 1. the transfer of pollen from the anther to a stigma on the same plant.
- 2. cell that has 2 sets of chromosomes (full amount)
- **4.** The neck part of the carpel through which the pollen tube grows.
- **6.** Consists of the male [reproductive] parts of the flower.
- 7. The scattering/transfer of seeds or fruit away from the parent plant
- 9. the transfer of pollen from an anther to the stigma on a different plant (of the same species)
- 11. Becomes the seed after fertilisation

- **12.** The part of the plant embryo that develops into the shoot
- **14.** transform from integuments to form the seed coat
- **15.** The union of the male and female gametes to form a diploid zygote.
- **16.** Fertilised egg [that eventually becomes the embryo]
- **17.** Consists of the female [reproductive] parts of the flower.
- 20. reproduction that involves the union of two sex cells (gametes) > produces non-identical offspring
- **24.** Form of nuclear division resulting in four haploid daughter cells.
- **27.** The part of the plant embryo that develops into a root