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## Thermodynamics



## Across

4. the quantity of energy needed to raise the temperature of 1 kg of a substance by $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at constant pressure 5. energy flows out of a system
5. a flow of energy due to a temperature difference
6. the ability to do work or produce heat
7. a measure of the random motions of the components of a substance
8. energy due to the motion of the object
9. kinetic energy transferred to a surface as heat
10. energy due to position or composition
11. sum of the kinetic and potential energies of all "particles" in the system
12. to measure how much energy is produced or absorbed by a given reaction
13. heat that is transferred by movement of a fluid

## Down

1. energy can be converted from one form to another but can be neither created nor destroyed
2. the study of heat energy 3. used to determine the heat associated with a chemical reaction 6. the lowest possible temperature on the Kelvin scale where all molecules would stop
3. amount of energy (heat) required to raise the temperature of one gram of water by one degree Celsius
4. energy flows into a system
5. heat transferred method between objects in contact as a result of temperature difference
6. 1 atm pressure, water freezes at 0 degrees Celsius
7. a transfer of heat energy through space by means of electromagnetic waves
8. 4.184 $\qquad$ $=1$ calorie
9. 1 atm pressure, liquid water always changes to gaseous water at 100 degrees Celsius
10. a unit of measurement that was once called Centigrade because there are 100 degrees between the freezing and boiling points of water in this scale
