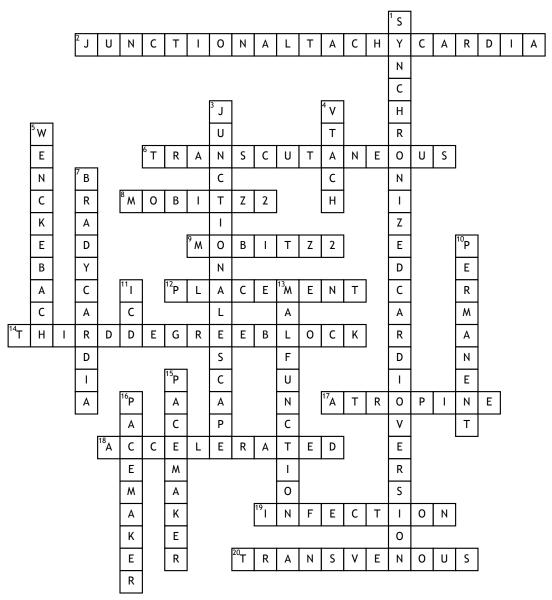
Name:	Date:

EKG/Pacemaker



Across

- 2. Serious decline in cardiac output causing shock with a heart rate of 101-180
- **6.** Noninvasive temporary procedure used until trans venous pacemaker can be inserted
- **8.** Block that often progresses to third degree AV block
- **9.** P wave is nonconducted without progressive PR lengthening
- **12.** Accurate 12-lead EKGs are very dependent upon
- 14. The atria are stimulated and contract independently of the ventricles. Ventricular rhythm is an escape rhythm.
- **17.** Treatment for junctional escape rhythm

- **18.** Junctional rhythm that is due to sympathetic stimulation to improve cardiac output
- **19.** Complication of permanent pacemaker placement
- 20. Temporary pacemaker that the leads are threaded through a vein to the right atrium/ventricle

Down

- 1. Therapy of choice for VTach with a pulse or supraventricular tachydysrhythmias
- **3.** AV node moves retrograde causing a heart rate of 40-60 beats/minute
- **4.** Pacemaker fires during the excitable period of the cardiac cycle can result in
- **5.** Prolonged AV conduction time until an atrial impulse is non conducted and a QRS is blocked

- **7.** Failure to capture may result in serious
- 10. Power source for pacemaker is inside the body
- **11.** Identifies lethal dysrhythmias and shocks to correct rhythm
- **13.** Failure to sense or failure to capture on a pacemaker
- 15. Electronic device used to pace the heart when the normal conduction pathway is damaged
- 16. Treatment for third degree AV block