Across
1. ________________ risk factors: smoking, drinking alcohol, no exercise, low consumption of fruits and vegetables
4. Large bowel, 5-6 feet long
7. ____________ cancer is the second leading cause of death that is cancer related
9. Difficulty in emptying the bowels, associated with hardened feces
12. Primary _______ factors for colon cancer: > age 50, family history, > 10 polyps, chronic inflammatory disease
13. Change in bowel habits, blood in the stool, tiredness, unintentional weight loss

Down
2. exam that looks at the inner lining of your large intestine (rectum and colon)
3. ______ occult blood test is a screen for early colon cancer
5. Last 8-10 inches of the colon
6. A polyp is a small ______ typically benign
8. Increase frequency of bowel movements and/or increase in the looseness of stool
10. Early ___________ for colorectal cancer increases the chance of cure
11. External opening of the rectum