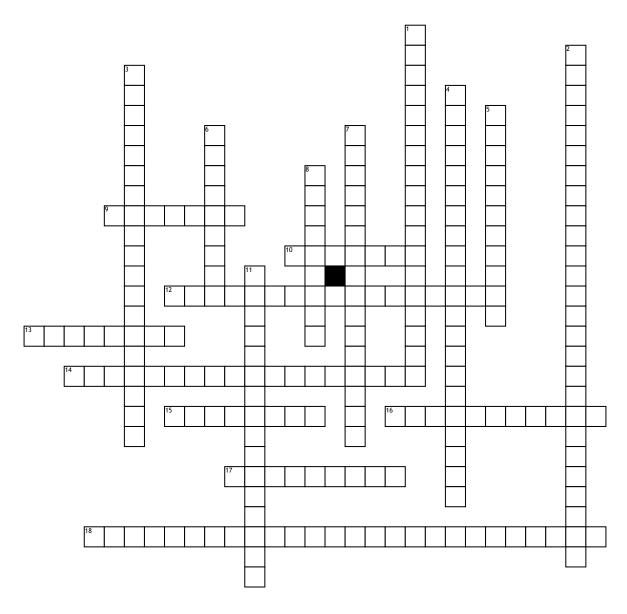
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Chemical Reactions



Across

- **9.** The new substances that are formed in a chemical reaction.
- **10.** A condition in which different elements are equal or in the correct proportions. There are three types of visual balance: symmetry, asymmetry, and radial.
- **12.** A chemical reaction that occurs when a substance reacts with oxygen, releasing energy in the form of heat and light combustion reaction A chemical reaction in which two or more reactants combine to produce a single product.
- **13.** The starting materials in a chemical reaction.
- **14.** Energy is released.
- **15.** A substance that initiates or accelerates a chemical reaction without itself being affected.

- **16.** A solid that forms from a solution during a chemical reaction.
- **17.** Tells how many atoms of an element are contained in one molecule or formula unit.
- **18.** A reaction in which a gas, a solid precipitate, or a molecular compound forms from the exchange of ions between two compounds.

Down

- 1. A chemical reaction that occurs when a substance reacts with oxygen, releasing energy in the form of heat and light.
- **2.** Chemical reaction in which one element replaces another element in a compound.
- 3. Energy is absorbed

- **4.** A reaction in which a single compound breaks down to form two or more simpler substances.
- 5. Tells how many atoms, molecules, or formula units take part in a reaction.
- **6.** Any process in which electrons are added to an atom or ion.
- **7.** A process during which chemical bonds between atoms are broken and new ones are formed. Producing one or more different substances.
- **8.** A chemical change in which a substance combines with oxygen, as when iron oxidizes, forming rust.
- 11. A representation of a chemical reaction that uses symbols to show the relationship between the reactants and the products.